#### 110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 6316

To reduce global greenhouse gas emissions through the creation of a domestic carbon market and international trade measures, and to direct the revenue therefrom to public interests.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 19, 2008

Mr. Doggett (for himself, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Eman-UEL, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, Ms. Slaughter, Mr. Brady of Pennsylvania, Ms. Wasserman Schultz, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mr. McDermott, Mr. OLVER, Mr. HOLT, Mr. STARK, Ms. BERKLEY, Ms. SCHWARTZ, Mr. CROWLEY, Mr. McNulty, Mr. Meek of Florida, Mr. Moran of Virginia, Mr. Pascrell, Mr. Thompson of California, Mr. Conyers, Mrs. Jones of Ohio, Mr. Ackerman, Mr. Bishop of New York, Mr. Capuano, Ms. CASTOR, Mr. CHANDLER, Ms. CLARKE, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. COHEN, Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. FARR, Mr. FILNER, Mr. Gutierrez, Mr. Hall of New York, Mr. Hare, Mr. Hinchey, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. HONDA, Mr. ISRAEL, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Ms. JACK-SON-LEE of Texas, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Mr. John-SON of Georgia, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. KLEIN of Florida, Mr. KUCINICH, Ms. Lee, Ms. Zoe Lofgren of California, Mrs. Maloney of New York, Mr. McGovern, Ms. Moore of Wisconsin, Mr. Nadler, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. NORTON, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California, Mr. Schiff, Mr. Sestak, Mr. Sherman, Mrs. Tauscher, Ms. TSONGAS, Ms. WATERS, Ms. WATSON, Mr. WELCH of Vermont, Mr. WEXLER, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. WU, Mr. YARMUTH, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. Hastings of Florida, Mr. Grijalva, Mr. Fattah, and Mr. Delahunt) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, Foreign Affairs, Science and Technology, Financial Services, Education and Labor, Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

- To reduce global greenhouse gas emissions through the creation of a domestic carbon market and international trade measures, and to direct the revenue therefrom to public interests.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
  - 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
  - 5 "Climate Market, Auction, Trust & Trade Emissions Re-
  - 6 duction System Act of 2008" or the "Climate MATTERS
  - 7 Act of 2008".
- 8 (b) Table of Contents of Contents of
- 9 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Purposes.

#### TITLE I—GLOBAL COOPERATION

#### Subtitle A—General Provisions

Sec. 101. Definitions.

#### Subtitle B—International Reserve Allowances

- Sec. 111. International reserve allowance program.
- Sec. 112. Adjustment of international reserve allowance requirements.
- Sec. 113. International Climate Change Commission.
- Sec. 114. Determinations of comparable action.
- Sec. 115. International agreements.

#### TITLE II—REVENUE PROVISIONS

Sec. 201. Issuing, auctioning, and administering emissions allowances.

## TITLE III—CITIZEN PROTECTION AND DEFICIT REDUCTION TRUST FUNDS

Subtitle A—Establishment of Trust Funds

Sec. 301. Establishment of citizen protection and deficit reduction trust funds.

#### Subtitle B—Citizen Protection Programs

#### Sec. 310. Definitions.

#### Part 1—Consumer Assistance

- Sec. 311. Allocation of account funds.
- Sec. 312. Climate change rebate program.
- Sec. 313. Healthy families fund.

#### PART 2—INVESTMENT IN NATURAL RESOURCE ADAPTATION

- Sec. 321. Definitions.
- Sec. 322. Adaptation fund.

#### Part 3—Early Action

#### Sec. 331. Early action.

#### PART 4—STATE AND TRIBAL ACTION

- Sec. 341. Allocation for energy savings.
- Sec. 342. Allocation for States with programs that exceed Federal emission reduction targets.
- Sec. 343. General allocation.

#### Part 5—Domestic Agriculture and Forestry

- Sec. 351. Allocation.
- Sec. 352. Agricultural and forestry greenhouse gas management research.
- Sec. 353. Distribution.

#### PART 6—INTERNATIONAL FORESTRY

- Sec. 361. Findings.
- Sec. 362. Definition of deforestation reduction activities.
- Sec. 363. Allocation.
- Sec. 364. Quality criteria for deforestation reduction activities.
- Sec. 365. Eligibility for deforestation reduction activities.
- Sec. 366. Reviews and discount.

#### PART 7—ENERGY EFFICIENCY

- Sec. 371. Allocation.
- Sec. 372. Distribution.
- Sec. 373. Use.
- Sec. 374. Reporting.

#### PART 8—ALTERNATIVE TRANSPORTATION

- Sec. 381. Grants to provide for additional and improved public transportation service.
- Sec. 382. Grants for construction of new public transportation projects.
- Sec. 383. Grants for transportation alternatives and travel demand reduction projects.
- Sec. 384. Technical capacity and standards.
- Sec. 385. Study and standards.
- Sec. 386. Condition for receipt of funds.

#### TITLE IV—EMISSIONS DETERMINATIONS AND MISCELLANEOUS

- Sec. 401. Definitions.
- Sec. 402. Federal Greenhouse Gas Registry, emissions determination, and uncovered sector emissions.
- Sec. 403. Paramount interest waiver.
- Sec. 404. Administrative procedure and judicial review.
- Sec. 405. Retention of State authority.
- Sec. 406. Tribal authority.
- Sec. 407. Authorization of appropriations.

#### 1 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

- 2 The purposes of this Act are—
- 3 (1) to establish the core of a Federal program
- 4 that will reduce United States greenhouse gas emis-
- 5 sions substantially enough between 2008 and 2050
- 6 to avert the catastrophic impacts of global climate
- 7 change;
- 8 (2) to raise revenue to be used for positive envi-
- 9 ronmental and social purposes to offset the effects of
- 10 climate change; and
- 11 (3) to accomplish that purpose while preserving
- 12 robust growth in the United States economy, cre-
- ating new jobs, and avoiding the imposition of hard-
- ship on United States citizens.

### 15 TITLE I—GLOBAL COOPERATION

## 16 Subtitle A—General Provisions

- 17 SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
- 18 In this title:
- 19 (1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
- trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
- 21 mental Protection Agency.

#### 1 (2) Baseline emissions level.— 2 (A) COVERED GOODS.—With respect to covered goods of a WTO participant, the term 3 "baseline emissions level" means, as determined 4 5 by the Commission, the total average annual 6 greenhouse gas emissions attributed to a cat-7 egory of covered goods of the WTO participant 8 during the period beginning on January 1, 9 2010, and ending on December 31, 2012, based 10 on-11 (i) relevant data available for that pe-12 riod; and 13 (ii) to the extent necessary with re-14 spect to a specific category of covered 15 goods, economic and engineering models 16 and best available information on tech-17 nology performance levels for the manufac-18 ture of that category of covered goods. 19 (B) WTO PARTICIPANTS.—With respect to 20 a WTO participant, the term "baseline emissions level" means, as determined by the Com-21 22 mission, the total annual nationwide greenhouse 23 gas emissions attributed to the WTO partici-

pant during the period beginning on January 1,

1	2010, and ending on December 31, 2012, based
2	on best available information.
3	(3) Best available information.—The term
4	"best available information" means—
5	(A) all relevant data that is available for
6	the particular period; and
7	(B) to the extent necessary, economic and
8	engineering models, best available information
9	on technology performance levels, and any other
10	useful measure or technique for estimating the
11	emissions from such emissions activities.
12	(4) CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.—The term
13	"carbon dioxide equivalent" means, for each green-
14	house gas, the quantity of the greenhouse gas that
15	the Administrator determines makes the same con-
16	tribution to global warming as 1 metric ton of car-
17	bon dioxide.
18	(5) Commission.—The term "Commission"
19	means the International Climate Change Commis-
20	sion established under section 113.
21	(6) Comparable action.—The term "com-
22	parable action" means any greenhouse gas regu-
23	latory programs, requirements, and other measures
24	adopted by a WTO participant that, in combination,

are comparable in effect to actions carried out by

1	the United States, through Federal, State, and local
2	measures, to limit greenhouse gas emissions pursu-
3	ant to this Act and the amendments made by this
4	Act, as determined by the Commission under section
5	114.
6	(7) Compliance Year.—The term "compliance
7	year" means each calendar year for which the re-
8	quirements of this title apply to a category of cov-
9	ered goods of a covered WTO participant that is im-
10	ported into the United States.
11	(8) COVERED WTO PARTICIPANT.—The term
12	"covered WTO participant" means a WTO partici-
13	pant that is included on the covered list prepared
14	under section $111 (b)(3)$ .
15	(9) COVERED GOOD.—The term "covered good"
16	means a good that (as identified by the Secretary,
17	in consultation with the Administrator, by rule)—
18	(A) is a primary product or a manufac-
19	tured item for consumption;
20	(B) generates, in the course of the manu-
21	facture of the good, a substantial quantity of
22	greenhouse gas emissions, including indirect
23	greenhouse gas emissions; and

(C) is closely related to a good the cost of

production of which in the United States is af-

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1	fected by a requirement of this Act or the
2	amendments made by this Act.
3	(10) Emission allowance.—The term "emis-
4	sion allowance" means an authorization to emit 1
5	carbon dioxide equivalent of greenhouse gas.
6	(11) Enter; entry.—The terms "enter" and
7	"entry" into the United States refer to the entry, or
8	withdrawal from warehouse for consumption, in the
9	customs territory of the United States.
10	(12) Greenhouse gas.—The term "green-
11	house gas" means any of—
12	(A) carbon dioxide;
13	(B) methane;
14	(C) nitrous oxide;
15	(D) sulfur hexafluoride;
16	(E) a perfluorocarbon;
17	(F) a hydrofluorocarbon; or
18	(G) any other anthropogenically-emitted
19	gas that is determined by the Administrator,
20	after notice and comment, to contribute to glob-
21	al warming to a non-negligible degree.
22	(13) Greenhouse gas emissions.—The term
23	"greenhouse gas emissions" means emissions of a
24	greenhouse gas, including—

1	(A) stationary combustion source emissions
2	emitted as a result of combustion of fuels in
3	stationary equipment, such as boilers, furnaces
4	burners, turbines, heaters, incinerators, engines
5	flares, and other similar sources;
6	(B) process emissions consisting of emis-
7	sions from chemical or physical processes other
8	than combustion;
9	(C) fugitive emissions consisting of inten-
10	tional and unintentional emissions from equip-
11	ment leaks, such as joints, seals, packing, and
12	gaskets, or from piles, pits, cooling towers, and
13	other similar sources; and
14	(D) biogenic emissions resulting from bio-
15	logical processes, such as anaerobic decomposi-
16	tion, nitrification, and denitrification.
17	(14) Indirect greenhouse gas emissions.—
18	The term "indirect greenhouse gas emissions"
19	means any greenhouse gas emissions resulting from
20	the generation of electricity that is consumed during
21	the manufacture of a good.
22	(15) International reserve allowance.—
23	The term "international reserve allowance" means
24	an allowance (denominated in units of metric tons of

carbon dioxide equivalent) that is—

1	(A) purchased from a special reserve of
2	emission allowances pursuant to section
3	111(a)(2); and
4	(B) used for purposes of meeting the re-
5	quirements of section 111.
6	(16) Manufactured Item for consump-
7	TION.—The term "manufactured item for consump-
8	tion" means any good or product—
9	(A) that is not a primary product;
10	(B) that generates, in the course of its
11	manufacture, a substantial amount of direct
12	greenhouse gas emissions or indirect greenhouse
13	gas emissions, including such emissions that are
14	attributable to the inclusion of a primary prod-
15	uct in the manufactured item for consumption;
16	and
17	(C) for which the Commission determines
18	that the application of an international reserve
19	allowance requirement under section 111 to the
20	particular category of goods or products is ad-
21	ministratively feasible and necessary to achieve
22	the purposes of this title.
23	(17) Percentage change in greenhouse
24	GAS EMISSIONS.—The term "percentage change in
25	greenhouse gas emissions" means, as determined by

1	the Secretary, in consultation with the Adminis-
2	trator, the percentage by which greenhouse gas
3	emissions on a nationwide basis in a WTO partici-
4	pant has decreased or increased (as the case may
5	be) from the baseline emissions level of the WTO
6	participant. The percentage change for a WTO par-
7	ticipant shall equal the quotient obtained by divid-
8	ing—
9	(A) the amount of the decrease or increase
10	in the total nationwide emissions for the WTO
11	participant, as measured by comparing such
12	total emissions for the relevant calendar year,
13	to the baseline emissions level for the WTO
14	participant; by
15	(B) the baseline emissions level for the
16	WTO participant.
17	(18) Primary Product.—The term "primary
18	product" means—
19	(A) iron, steel, aluminum, cement, bulk
20	glass, paper pulp, chemicals, or industrial ce-
21	ramics; or
22	(B) any other manufactured product
23	that—
24	(i) is sold in bulk for purposes of fur-
25	ther manufacture; and

- 1 (ii) generates, in the course of the
  2 manufacture of the product, greenhouse
  3 gas emissions and indirect greenhouse gas
  4 emissions that are comparable (on an
  5 emissions-per-dollar basis) to emissions
  6 generated in the manufacture of products
  7 by covered facilities in the industrial sec8 tor.
  - (19) Retire an allowance.—To "retire" an allowance is to disqualify the allowance for any subsequent use, regardless of whether the use is a sale, exchange, or submission of the allowance in satisfying a compliance obligation.
  - (20) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Treasury.
    - (21) SEQUESTRATION.—The term "sequestration" means the capture, permanent separation, isolation, or removal of greenhouse gases from the atmosphere, as determined by the Secretary, after consultation with the Administrator.
    - (22) TRADE AGREEMENT.—The term "trade agreement" means any agreement between the United States and one or more foreign countries providing for the reduction of tariff or nontariff barriers, including the Agreement establishing the

1	World Trade Organization, done at Marrakesh on
2	April 15, 1994.
3	(23) U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTEC-
4	TION.—The term "U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
5	tection" means U.S. Customs and Border Protection
6	of the Department of Homeland Security.
7	(24) WTO PARTICIPANT.—The term "WTO
8	participant" means a member of, or observer govern-
9	ment to, the World Trade Organization (WTO),
10	other than the United States.
11	Subtitle B—International Reserve
12	Allowances
13	SEC. 111. INTERNATIONAL RESERVE ALLOWANCE PRO-
14	GRAM.
15	(a) Establishment.—
15 16	<ul><li>(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—</li><li>(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish</li></ul>
16	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall establish
16 17	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program under which the Secretary, during the 1-
16 17 18	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program under which the Secretary, during the 1-year period beginning on January 1, 2014, and an-
16 17 18 19	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program under which the Secretary, during the 1-year period beginning on January 1, 2014, and annually thereafter, shall offer for sale to United
16 17 18 19 20	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a program under which the Secretary, during the 1-year period beginning on January 1, 2014, and annually thereafter, shall offer for sale to United States importers international reserve allowances in
16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall establish a program under which the Secretary, during the 1-year period beginning on January 1, 2014, and annually thereafter, shall offer for sale to United States importers international reserve allowances in accordance with this subsection.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall establish a program under which the Secretary, during the 1-year period beginning on January 1, 2014, and annually thereafter, shall offer for sale to United States importers international reserve allowances in accordance with this subsection.  (2) Source.—International reserve allowances

sion allowances established under section 9911 of
 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

#### (3) Price.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall establish, by rule, a methodology for determining the price of international reserve allowances for each compliance year at a level that does not exceed the market price of emission allowances established under section 9911 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for the compliance year.
- (B) MAXIMUM PRICE.—The price for an international reserve allowance under subparagraph (A) shall not exceed the clearing price for current compliance year allowances established at the most recent auction of allowances under section 9912 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (4) SERIAL NUMBER.—The Secretary shall assign a unique serial number to each international reserve allowance issued under this subsection.
- (5) Administration of system.—The Secretary may provide, by rule, for the administration of the system of international reserve allowances in a manner consistent with the carbon market estab-

- lished under subtitle L of the Internal Revenue Code
   of 1986.
- 3 (6) REGULATED ENTITIES.—International re4 serve allowances may not be submitted by persons
  5 subject to the allowance submission requirements of
  6 section 9901 or 9913 of the Internal Revenue Code
  7 of 1986 to comply with such allowance submission
  8 requirements.
  - (7) PROCEEDS.—All proceeds from the sale of international reserve allowances under this subsection shall be allocated to a program that the Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall establish to mitigate the negative impacts of global climate change on disadvantaged communities in WTO participants.

#### (b) WTO Participant Lists.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2015, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall develop and publish in the Federal Register 2 lists of WTO participants, in accordance with this subsection.

#### (2) Excluded List.—

23 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in con-24 sultation with the Commission, shall identify

1	and publish in a list, to be known as the "ex-
2	cluded list''—
3	(i) each WTO participant determined
4	by the Commission under section 114(a) to
5	have taken action comparable to that taken
6	by the United States to limit the green-
7	house gas emissions of the WTO partici-
8	pant;
9	(ii) each WTO participant that has
10	entered into an agreement with the United
11	States under subsection (a) or (b) of sec-
12	tion 115;
13	(iii) each WTO participant the share
14	of total global greenhouse gas emissions of
15	which is below the de minimis percentage
16	described in subparagraph (B); and
17	(iv) each WTO participant that the
18	United Nations has identified as among
19	the least developed of developing countries.
20	(B) DE MINIMIS PERCENTAGE.—The de
21	minimis percentage referred to in subparagraph
22	(A) is a percentage of total global greenhouse
23	gas emissions of not more than 0.5, as deter-
24	mined by the Commission, for the most recent
25	calendar year for which emissions and other rel-

evant data is available, taking into consideration, as necessary, the annual average deforestation rate during a representative period for a WTO participant that is a developing country.

#### (3) Covered List.—

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- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Commission, shall identify and publish in a list, to be known as the "covered list", each WTO participant the covered goods of which are subject to the requirements of this section.
- (B) REQUIREMENT.—The covered list shall include each WTO participant that is not included on the excluded list under paragraph (2).
- (4) PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding paragraphs (2) and (3), the President may require the Commission to place a WTO participant on the excluded list or covered list if the President determines such action is necessary to protect essential security interests of the United States.
- 23 (c) Publication of Covered Goods.—The Sec-24 retary, in consultation with the Commission, shall publish

1	a list of all covered goods of each WTO participant on
2	the covered list.
3	(d) Written Declarations.—
4	(1) In general.—Effective beginning January
5	1, 2015, a United States importer of any covered
6	good shall, as a condition of the entry of the covered
7	good into the United States, submit to the Secretary
8	and the appropriate office of U.S. Customs and Bor-
9	der Protection a written declaration, with respect to
10	each such entry, that meets the requirements of this
11	subsection.
12	(2) Contents.—A written declaration under
13	paragraph (1) shall contain a statement that—
14	(A) the applicable covered good is accom-
15	panied by a sufficient number of international
16	reserve allowances, as determined under sub-
17	section (e); or
18	(B) the covered good is from a WTO par-
19	ticipant on the excluded list under subsection
20	(b)(2).
21	(3) Documentation and deposit.—If an im-
22	porter does not certify that the covered good is a
23	product of a WTO participant on the excluded list
24	under paragraph (2)(B), the written declaration for

1	such good shall include the following supporting doc-
2	umentation and deposit:
3	(A) The name of each WTO participant in
4	which the covered good was manufactured or
5	processed.
6	(B) A brief description of the extent to
7	which the covered good was manufactured or
8	processed in each WTO participant identified
9	under subparagraph (A).
10	(C) An estimation of the number of inter-
11	national reserve allowances that are required
12	for entry of the covered good into the United
13	States under subsection (e).
14	(D) At the election of the importer, the de-
15	posit of—
16	(i) international reserve allowances in
17	an amount equal to the estimated number
18	required for entry under subparagraph (C);
19	or
20	(ii) a bond, other security, or cash in
21	an amount that covers the purchase of the
22	estimated number of international reserve
23	allowances under subparagraph (C).
24	(4) Final assessment.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after submission of the written declaration and entry of the covered good under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall make a final assessment of the international reserve allowance requirement for the covered good under this section. The final assessment shall specify the total number of international reserve allowances that are required for entry of the covered good into the United States and whether the amount of the deposit under paragraph (3)(D) is lower or higher than the final assessment..

#### (B) RECONCILIATION.—

(i) Allowance deposit.—U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall promptly reconcile the final assessment with the amount of international reserve allowances deposited under paragraph (3)(D)(i). If international reserve allowances are deposited in an amount that is more than the final assessment, U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall refund the excess amount. If such allowances are deposited in an amount that is less than final assessment, the importer shall tender within 14

days sufficient allowances to satisfy fully
the final assessment.

(ii) Bond, security, or cash de-POSIT.—If an importer has submitted a bond, security, or cash deposit under paragraph (3)(D), U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall use the deposit to purchase a sufficient number of international reserve allowances, as determined in the final assessment under subparagraph (A). To the extent that the deposit fails to cover the purchase of sufficient international reserve allowances, the importer shall submit such additional allowances to cover the shortfall of allowances. To the extent that the amount of the deposit is more than the amount of the final assessment, U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall refund to the importer the unused portion of the deposit.

(5) Inclusion.—A written declaration under this subsection shall include the unique serial number of each international reserve allowance associated with the entry of the applicable covered good into the United States.

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1 (6) Failure to Declare.—A covered good 2 that is not accompanied by a written declaration 3 that meets the requirements of this subsection shall not be permitted to be entered into the United States. 5 6 (7) Corrected Declaration.— 7 (A) IN GENERAL.—If, after making a dec-8 laration required under this subsection, an im-9 porter has reason to believe that the declaration 10 contains information that is not correct, the im-11 porter shall provide a corrected declaration by 12 not later than 30 days after the date of dis-13 covery of the error, in accordance with subpara-14 graph (B). 15 Method.—A corrected declaration 16 under subparagraph (A) shall be in the form of 17 a letter or other written statement to the Sec-18 retary and to the office of U.S. Customs and 19 Border Protection to which the original declara-20 tion was submitted. 21 (e) QUANTITY OF ALLOWANCES REQUIRED.— 22 (1) Methodology.— 23 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall es-24 tablish, by rule, a method for calculating the re-

quired number of international reserve allow-

1	ances that a United States importer must sub-
2	mit, together with a written declaration under
3	subsection (d), for each category of covered
4	goods of each covered WTO participant.
5	(B) FORMULA.—The Secretary shall de-
6	velop a general formula for calculating the
7	international reserve allowance requirement
8	that applies, on a per unit basis, to each cov-
9	ered good of a covered WTO participant that is
10	imported during each compliance year.
11	(2) General formula.—The international al-
12	lowance reserve requirement, as described in para-
13	graph (1), for a compliance year is equal to the
14	product obtained by multiplying—
15	(A) the national greenhouse gas intensity
16	rate for each category of covered goods of each
17	covered WTO participant for the compliance
18	year, as determined by the Secretary under
19	paragraph (3), by
20	(B) the allowance adjustment factor for
21	the industry sector in the WTO participant that
22	manufactured the covered goods that entered
23	into the United States, as determined by the

Secretary under paragraph (4), by

1	(C) the economic adjustment ratio for the
2	WTO participant, as determined by the Com-
3	mission under paragraph (5).
4	(3) National greenhouse gas intensity
5	RATE.—The national greenhouse gas intensity rate
6	for a particular WTO participant under paragraph
7	(2)(A), on a per unit basis, shall be equal to the
8	quotient obtained by dividing—
9	(A) the total amount of direct greenhouse
10	gas emissions and indirect greenhouse gas emis-
11	sions that are attributable to a category of cov-
12	ered goods of a covered WTO participant dur-
13	ing the most recent calendar year (as adjusted
14	to exclude those emissions that would not be
15	subject to the allowance submission require-
16	ments of section 9913 of the Internal Revenue
17	Code of 1986 or the category of covered goods
18	if manufactured in the United States), by
19	(B) the total number of units of the par-
20	ticular covered good that are produced in the
21	covered WTO participant during the same cal-
22	endar year.
23	(4) Allowance adjustment factor.—
24	(A) General formula.—The allowance
25	adjustment factor for a particular WTO partici-

1	pant under paragraph (2)(B) for a compliance
2	year shall be equal to 1 minus the ratio that—
3	(i) the number of allowances, as deter-
4	mined by the Secretary under subpara-
5	graph (B), that the entire industry sector
6	in the WTO participant would have re-
7	ceived for that compliance year at no cost
8	if such allowances were allocated in the
9	same manner that allowances are allocated
10	at no cost under subtitle L of the Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1986 to the same indus-
12	try sector in the United States, bears to
13	(ii) the total amount of direct green-
14	house gas emissions and indirect green-
15	house gas emissions that are attributable
16	to a category of covered goods of the cov-
17	ered WTO participant during that compli-
18	ance year.
19	(B) ALLOWANCES ALLOCATED AT NO
20	COST—The number of allowances allocated at
21	no cost under subparagraph (A)(i) shall be
22	equal to the product obtained by multiplying—
23	(i) the baseline emissions level that
24	the Commission has attributed to a cat-

1	egory of covered goods of the WTO partici-
2	pant, by
3	(ii) the ratio that—
4	(I) the quantity of allowances
5	that are allocated at no cost under
6	subtitle L of the Internal Revenue
7	Code of 1986 to entities within the in-
8	dustry sector that manufactures the
9	covered goods for the compliance year
10	during which the covered goods were
11	entered into the United States, bears
12	to
13	(II) the total amount of direct
14	greenhouse gas emissions and indirect
15	greenhouse gas emissions of that sec-
16	tor during a particular compliance
17	year.
18	(5) Economic adjustment ratio.—The eco-
19	nomic adjustment ratio for a particular WTO partic-
20	ipant under paragraph (2)(C) shall be 1 unless the
21	Commission makes an affirmative decision to lower
22	the ratio in order to take into account the extent to
23	which the WTO participant has fully implemented,
24	verified, and enforced the following:

- 1 (A) The deployment and use of state-of-2 the-art technologies in industrial processes, 3 equipment manufacturing facilities, power gen-4 eration and other energy facilities, and consumer goods (such as automobiles and appli-6 ances), and implementation of other techniques 7 or actions that have the effect of limiting green-8 house gas emissions in the WTO participant 9 during the relevant period.
  - (B) Any regulatory programs, requirements, and other measures that the WTO participant has implemented to limit greenhouse emissions during the relevant period.
  - (6) Annual calculation.—The Secretary shall calculate the international reserve allowance requirements for each compliance year based on the best available information and annually revise the applicable international reserve allowance requirements to reflect changes in the variables of the formula described in this subsection.
  - (7) Publication.—Not later than 90 days before the beginning of each compliance year, the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register a schedule describing the required number of international reserve allowances for each category of imported cov-

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1	ered goods of each covered WTO participant, as cal-
2	culated under this subsection.
3	(8) COVERED GOODS FROM MULTIPLE COUN-
4	TRIES.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall es-
6	tablish, by rule, procedures for determining the
7	number of the international reserve allowances
8	that a United States importer must submit
9	under this subsection for a category of covered
10	goods that are primary products and manufac-
11	tured or processed in more than one WTO par-
12	ticipant. Subject to subparagraph (B), such
13	procedures shall require the importer—
14	(i) to determine for each covered
15	WTO participant listed in the written dec-
16	laration, as required by subsection (d), the
17	number of international reserve allowances
18	that apply under paragraph (2) of this
19	subsection to the category of covered goods
20	that are manufactured and processed en-
21	tirely in that covered WTO participant for
22	the particular compliance year; and
23	(ii) of the international reserve allow-
24	ance requirements identified under clause
25	(i) for particular covered WTO partici-

1	pants, to apply the requirement that im-
2	poses the highest number of international
3	reserve allowances for the category of cov-
4	ered goods.
5	(B) Exception.—The procedures for set-
6	ting the international reserve allowance require-
7	ment under subparagraph (A) shall not apply it
8	the Secretary grants a request by the importer
9	to apply an alternate method for establishing
10	such requirement. The Secretary shall grant
11	such a request only if the importer dem-
12	onstrates in an administrative hearing by a pre-
13	ponderance of evidence that the alternate meth-
14	od will establish an international reserve allow-
15	ance requirement that is more representative
16	than the requirement applicable under subpara-
17	graph (A).
18	(C) Administrative hearing.—The Sec-
19	retary shall establish procedures for administra-
20	tive hearings under subparagraph (B) to ensure
21	that—
22	(i) all evidence submitted by an im-
23	porter will be subject to verification by the
24	Secretary;

1	(ii) domestic manufacturers of the
2	category of covered goods subject to the
3	administrative hearing under this para-
4	graph will have an opportunity to review
5	and comment on evidence submitted by the
6	importer; and
7	(iii) appropriate penalties will be as-
8	sessed in cases where the importer has
9	submitted information that is false or mis-
10	leading.
11	(f) Foreign Allowances.—
12	(1) Foreign allowances under cap and
13	TRADE PROGRAM.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—A United States im-
15	porter may submit, in lieu of an international
16	reserve allowance issued under this section, a
17	foreign allowance distributed by a WTO partici-
18	pant pursuant to a commensurate cap and
19	trade program.
20	(B) Commensurate cap and trade pro-
21	GRAM.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), a
22	commensurate cap and trade program shall in-
23	clude any greenhouse gas regulatory program
24	adopted by a covered WTO participant to limit

1	the greenhouse gas emissions of the covered
2	WTO participant, if—
3	(i) the Secretary certifies that the
4	program—
5	(I)(aa) places a quantitative limi-
6	tation on the total quantity of green-
7	house gas emissions of the covered
8	WTO participant (expressed in terms
9	of tons emitted per calendar year);
10	and
11	(bb) achieves that limitation
12	through an allowance trading system;
13	(II) satisfies such criteria as the
14	Secretary may establish for require-
15	ments relating to the enforceability of
16	the cap and trade program, including
17	requirements for monitoring, report-
18	ing, verification procedures, allowance
19	tracking, and offsets; and
20	(III) is a comparable action, as
21	determined by the Commission; or
22	(ii) the program is the result of an
23	agreement under section 115(b).
24	(2) International forest allowances.—A
25	United States importer may submit, in lieu of an

- 1 international reserve allowance issued under this sec-
- 2 tion, an international forest allowance generated
- 3 under an agreement to undertake international for-
- 4 est carbon activities under section 115(c).
- 5 (3) Trading of foreign allowances.—For-
- 6 eign allowances described in paragraphs (1) and (2)
- 7 may be traded on the carbon market established
- 8 under subtitle L of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 9 1986.
- 10 (g) Retirement of Allowances.—The Secretary
- 11 shall retire each international reserve allowance and for-
- 12 eign allowance submitted to achieve compliance with this
- 13 section.
- 14 (h) Consistency With Trade and Other Inter-
- 15 NATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary, in consultation
- 16 with the Secretary of State, shall adjust the international
- 17 reserve allowance requirements established under this sec-
- 18 tion (including the quantity of international reserve allow-
- 19 ances required for each category of covered goods of a cov-
- 20 ered WTO participant) as the Secretary determines to be
- 21 necessary to ensure that the United States complies with
- 22 all applicable trade agreements and other international
- 23 agreements to which the United States is a party.
- (i) Final Regulations.—Not later than January 1,
- 25 2014, the Secretary shall promulgate such regulations as

1	the Secretary determines to be necessary to carry out this
2	section.
3	SEC. 112. ADJUSTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL RESERVE AL-
4	LOWANCE REQUIREMENTS.
5	(a) In General.—Not later than January 1, 2018,
6	and annually thereafter, the Commission shall prepare and
7	submit to Congress a report that assesses the effectiveness
8	of the applicable international reserve allowance require-
9	ments under section 111 with respect to—
10	(1) covered goods that are entered into the
11	United States from each covered WTO participant;
12	and
13	(2) the production of covered goods in covered
14	WTO participants that are incorporated into manu-
15	factured goods that subsequently are entered into
16	the United States.
17	(b) Inadequate Requirements.—If the Commis-
18	sion determines that an applicable international reserve al-
19	lowance requirement is not adequate to achieve the pur-
20	poses of this title, the Commission, simultaneously with
21	the submission of the report under subsection (a), shall
22	make recommendations to—
23	(1) increase the stringency or otherwise improve
24	the effectiveness of the applicable requirements in a
25	manner that ensures compliance with all applicable

- 1 trade agreements and other international agree-2 ments;
- 3 (2) take action to address greenhouse gas emissions that are attributable to the production of man-5 ufactured items for consumption that are not subject 6 to the international reserve allowance requirements 7 under section 111; or
- 8 (3) take such other action as the Commission 9 determines to be necessary to address greenhouse 10 gas emissions that are attributable to the production of covered goods in covered WTO participants, in 12 compliance with all applicable trade agreements and 13 other international agreements.
- 14 (c) REVISED REGULATIONS.—The Secretary, in con-15 sultation with the Commission, shall promulgate revised regulations to implement the recommended changes under 16 17 subsection (b) to improve the effectiveness of the inter-18 national reserve allowance requirements.
- 19 (d) Effective Date.—Any revision made under 20 subsection (c) shall take effect on January 1 of the first 21 compliance year beginning after the date on which the re-22 vision is made.

#### SEC. 113. INTERNATIONAL CLIMATE CHANGE COMMISSION. 2 (a) Establishment.—There is established a com-3 mission that shall be known as the "International Climate Change Commission". 4 5 (b) Organization.— 6 (1) Membership.—The Commission shall be 7 composed of 6 commissioners who shall be appointed 8 by the President, by and with the advice and consent 9 of the Senate. A person shall not be eligible for ap-10 pointment as a commissioner unless that person— 11 (A) is a citizen of the United States; and 12 (B) has, in the judgment of the President, 13 the requisite qualifications for developing the 14 knowledge and expertise on international cli-15 mate change matters that are necessary for per-16 forming the duties and functions of the Commission under this title. 17 18 (2) Appointments of commissioners.—Not 19 later than 3 months after date of the enactment of 20 this Act, the President shall appoint the commis-21 sioners in accordance with this subsection. If the 22 President fails to appoint one or more of the com-23 missioners under this paragraph by the end of that 24 3-month period, then— 25 (A) the United States International Trade

Commission shall, within the succeeding 3-

1	month period, appoint the remaining commis-
2	sioners; and
3	(B) the authority of the President to ap-
4	point the remaining commissioners terminates.
5	(3) POLITICAL AFFILIATION.—Not more than 3
6	of the commissioners serving at any time shall be af-
7	filiated with the same political party. In making the
8	appointments, members of different parties shall be
9	appointed alternatively as nearly as may be prac-
10	ticable.
11	(4) Term of commissioners; reappoint-
12	MENT.—
13	(A) In general.—The term of a commis-
14	sioner shall be 12 years, except that commis-
15	sioners first taking office under paragraph (2)
16	shall be appointed to the Commission in a man-
17	ner that ensures that—
18	(i) the term of not more than 1 mem-
19	ber shall expire during any 2-year period;
20	and
21	(ii) no commissioner serves a term of
22	more than 12 years.
23	(B) Service until new appointment.—
24	The term of a commissioner shall continue after
25	the expiration of that commissioner's term until

by the President and confirmed by the Senate, except that the successor's term begins upon the original expiration of the predecessor's term.

- (C) Vacancy.—Any commissioner appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which the predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of the term.
- (D) REAPPOINTMENT.—A person who has served as commissioner for more than 7 years shall not be eligible for reappointment.

# (5) Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson.—

(A) In General.—The President shall designate a Chairperson and Vice Chairperson of the Commission from the commissioners that are eligible for designation under subparagraph (B). The Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson shall each serve for a term of 4 years. If the President fails to designate the Chairperson for any term, the commissioner with the longest period of continuous service shall serve as Chairperson for that term.

## (B) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—

(i) Chairperson.—The President may designate as the Chairperson of the Commission for any term any commissioner who is not affiliated with the political party with which the Chairperson of the Commission for the immediately preceding year is affiliated, and who (except in the case of the first commissioners) has at least 1 year of continuous service as a commissioner.

(ii) VICE-CHAIRPERSON.—The President may designate as the Vice Chairperson of the Commission for any term any commissioner who is not affiliated with the political party with which the Chairperson is affiliated.

### (6) Voting.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall vote on the adoption of each action that is identified in subparagraph (D). Such a vote on a Commission action shall occur at a public meeting of the Commission for which a quorum is present. A majority of commissioners that are in office shall constitute a quorum for a meeting of the Commission.

- (B) ADOPTION.—A Commission action identified in subparagraph (D) shall take effect upon adoption by the Commission in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Sub-ject to subparagraph (C), the adoption of a Commission action shall occur if a majority of the commissioners in attendance at the meeting (as well as any commissioners voting by proxy) vote in favor of such action.
  - (C) EQUALLY DIVIDED VOTES.—In cases when the commissioners voting are equally divided on whether or not a WTO participant has taken comparable action under section 114, the Commission shall be deemed to have made an affirmative determination that the WTO participant has not taken comparable action.
  - (D) COMMISSION ACTIONS.—A Commission action for purposes of this paragraph shall include the performance of the duties specified under subsection (c) and the exercise of the enforcement powers authorized under subsection (d).
- 23 (c) Duties.—The duties of the Commission shall in-24 clude—

- 1 (1) determinations on whether a WTO partici-2 pant is taking comparable action under section 114;
  - (2) establishment of WTO participant lists under section 111(b);
  - (3) classification of a category of goods or products as a manufactured item for consumption under section 101(16)(C);
  - (4) adjustment of the international reserve allowance requirements pursuant to section 112; and
  - (5) performance of other actions that are necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this title.

### (d) Enforcement Powers.—

- (1) Penalty for noncompliance.—The Commission may impose an excess emissions penalty on a United States importer of covered goods if that importer fails to submit the required number of international reserve allowances under section 111. Such penalty for noncompliance shall be equal to the amount of an excess emissions penalty that an owner or operator of a covered facility is required to submit for noncompliance under section 9901 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (2) Prohibition on importers.—The Commission may prohibit a United States importer from

1	entering covered goods into the United States for a
2	period not to exceed 5 years if that importer—
3	(A) fails to pay a penalty for noncompli-

(B) submits a written declaration under section 111(d) that provides false or misleading information for the purpose of circumventing the international reserve requirements of this

ance imposed under paragraph (1); or

10 (3) DELEGATION.—The Commission, as appro11 priate, may delegate to U.S. Customs and Border
12 Protection the enforcement powers that are author13 ized under this subsection. U.S. Customs and Bor14 der Protection shall exercise such enforcement pow15 ers in accordance with procedures and requirements
16 that the Commission may establish.

#### 17 SEC. 114. DETERMINATIONS OF COMPARABLE ACTION.

# 18 (a) Determinations.—

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(1) Annual determinations.—Not later than January 1, 2014, and annually thereafter, the Commission shall determine whether, and the extent to which, each WTO participant that is not exempted under subsection (b) has taken comparable action during the preceding 1-year period to limit the greenhouse gas emissions of the WTO participant,

- taking into consideration the baseline emissions levels of the WTO participant.
  - (2) Basis for determinations.—The Commission shall make a determination on whether a WTO participant has taken comparable action for a particular year under paragraph (1) based on the best available information and in accordance with the following requirements:
    - (A) A WTO participant shall be considered to have taken comparable action if the Commission determines that the percentage change in greenhouse gas emissions in the WTO participant during the relevant period is equal to, or better than, the percentage change in greenhouse emissions in the United States during that same period.
    - (B) In the case of a WTO participant that is not considered to have taken comparable action under subparagraph (A), the Commission shall take into consideration, in making a determination on comparable action for that WTO participant, the extent to which the following actions have been taken, implemented, verified, and enforced:

(i) The deployment and use of state-of-the-art technologies in industrial proc-esses, equipment manufacturing facilities, power generation and other energy facilities, and consumer goods (such as auto-mobiles and appliances), and implementa-tion of other techniques or actions that have the effect of limiting greenhouse gas emissions in the WTO participant during the relevant period.

- (ii) Any regulatory programs, requirements, and other measures that the WTO participant has implemented to limit greenhouse emissions during the relevant period.
- (C) If a WTO participant is a party to an international climate change agreement that imposes binding greenhouse gas emissions limitations on the WTO participant, the Commission shall give appropriate credit for net transfers to the WTO participant of greenhouse gas emissions allowances or other units issued with respect to emissions reductions or sequestrations in other WTO participants pursuant to such international agreement.

1	(D) The Commission shall ensure that any
2	determination on comparable action that the
3	Commission makes under this paragraph com-
4	plies with applicable trade agreements and
5	other international agreements.
6	(b) Exemptions.—The Commission shall exempt
7	from a determination under subsection (a) in a calendar
8	year any WTO participant that is placed on the excluded
9	list pursuant to clause (ii), (iii), or (iv) of section
10	111(b)(2)(A) for that calendar year.
11	(c) Reports.—The Commission shall, as expedi-
12	tiously as practicable—
13	(1) submit to the President and Congress an
14	annual report describing the determinations of the
15	Commission under subsection (a) for the most recent
16	calendar year; and
17	(2) publish the determinations in the Federal
18	Register.
19	(d) Reports.—The President shall—
20	(1) submit to Congress an annual report de-
21	scribing the determinations of the President under
22	subsection (a) for the most recent calendar year; and
23	(2) publish the determinations in the Federal
24	Register.

#### 1 SEC. 115. INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.

(a) Negotiating Objective.—

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- 3 (1) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—Consistent with 4 the obligations of the United States under the World 5 Trade Organization, it is the policy of the United 6 States to work proactively under the United Nations 7 Framework Convention on Climate Change and in 8 other appropriate forums to establish binding agreements representing comparable action and commit-9 10 ting all major greenhouse gas-emitting WTO partici-11 pants to contribute equitably to the reduction of 12 global greenhouse gas emissions. Any such agree-13 ment shall be considered comparable action only if 14 it includes a maximum level on net greenhouse gas 15 emissions into the atmosphere.
  - (2) Intent of congress regarding objective.—To the extent that the agreements described in paragraph (1) involve measures that will affect international trade in any good or service, it is the intent of the Congress that the negotiating objective of the United States shall be to focus multilateral and bilateral international agreements on the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions.
  - (3) Role of the president.—The President shall be responsible for negotiating agreements under this subsection.

- 1 (b) Premium Carbon Market Access Agree-2 ments.
  - in subsection (a), the President shall place a high priority on securing agreements that ensure comparable action on the part of WTO participants. In support of this goal, the President shall offer, on a limited basis, WTO participants that are developing countries Premium Carbon Market Access Agreements extending to such a WTO participant access to the carbon market established under subtitle L of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Such agreements may also include additional incentives such as the ability to choose the base year or maximum level of allowable greenhouse gas emissions for its emissions trading system, rather than requiring it to match the system as in effect in the United States.
    - (2) Conditions.—The President shall determine a global greenhouse gas emissions budget that protects the climate, and the President shall offer Premium Carbon Market Access Agreements under this subsection on a first-come, first-served basis, only to the extent that they, in total, do not allow that global budget to be exceeded. An emissions cap and trading system established in conformance with

1	an agreement entered into under this subsection
2	shall be considered a comparable action for purposes
3	of this Act only if it includes a maximum level on
4	net greenhouse gas emissions into the atmosphere.
5	(e) Agreements To Undertake International
6	FOREST CARBON ACTIVITIES.—
7	(1) In general.—In the case of a WTO par-
8	ticipant that is a developing country and is not yet
9	ready to enter a comprehensive agreement under
10	subsection (a) or (b), the President shall attempt to
11	secure an agreement with such WTO participant
12	pursuant to which—
13	(A) the WTO participant agrees to under-
14	take international forest carbon activities, in-
15	cluding reducing its rate of deforestation, under
16	the conditions specified in paragraphs (2) and
17	(3); and
18	(B) such international forest carbon activi-
19	ties may qualify for international forest allow-
20	ances that may be traded on the carbon market
21	established under subtitle L of the Internal
22	Revenue Code of 1986.
23	(2) QUALITY REQUIREMENTS.—The President
24	shall establish requirements for international forest
25	carbon activities that qualify for the creation of

1	international forest allowances under paragraph (1),
2	including—
3	(A) ensuring that qualifying international
4	forest carbon activities are designed, carried
5	out, and managed—
6	(i) in accordance with widely-accepted
7	environmentally sustainable forestry prac-
8	tices;
9	(ii) to promote native species and con-
10	servation and/or restoration of native for-
11	ests, where practicable and to avoid the in-
12	troduction of invasive nonnative species;
13	and
14	(iii) to promote fair compensation,
15	public participation, and the informed con-
16	sent of affected local communities and for-
17	est dependent populations; and
18	(B) ensuring that the emission reductions
19	or sequestrations are real, permanent, addi-
20	tional, verifiable, and enforceable, with reliable
21	measuring and monitoring and appropriate ac-
22	counting for leakage.
23	(3) Eligibility Criteria.—The President
24	shall establish eligibility criteria for any WTO par-
25	ticipant to enter into negotiations for an agreement

1	to undertake international forest carbon activities
2	including a requirement that such WTO participant
3	has—
4	(A) demonstrated the capacity to partici-
5	pate in international forest carbon activities
6	based on sufficient accurate and verifiable data
7	on changes in national forest carbon stocks;
8	(B) capped greenhouse gas emissions from
9	deforestation or other land use change or other-
10	wise established a credible national emission
11	reference scenario;
12	(C) commenced an emission reduction pro-
13	gram for the forest sector;
14	(D) achieved national-level reductions of
15	deforestation and degradation below a credible
16	reference scenario that are consistent with na-
17	tionally appropriate mitigation commitments or
18	actions, taking into account the average annua
19	deforestation and degradation rates of the
20	WTO participant during a period of at least 5
21	consecutive years; and
22	(E) demonstrated those reductions using
23	remote sensing technology, taking into account

relevant international standards.

1	(4) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
2	"international forest carbon activities" means activi-
3	ties in developing countries that are conducted as
4	the national level and are directed at—
5	(A) reducing greenhouse gas emissions
6	produced from deforestation and forest deg
7	radation; and
8	(B) increasing sequestration of carbon
9	through restoration of forests, restoration of de-
10	graded land that has not been forested prior to
11	restoration, aforestation, using native species
12	where practicable, and improved forest manage
13	ment.
14	TITLE II—REVENUE PROVISIONS
15	SEC. 201. ISSUING, AUCTIONING, AND ADMINISTERING
16	EMISSIONS ALLOWANCES.
17	(a) In General.—The Internal Revenue Code of
18	1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new
19	subtitle:
20	"Subtitle L—Auction Based Carbon
21	Market
	"Chapter 101—Emission Allowances
22	"CHAPTER 101—EMISSION ALLOWANCES
23	"Subchapter A—Excess Emissions Penalty

"Sec. 9901. Excess emissions penalty.

#### "SEC. 9901. EXCESS EMISSIONS PENALTY.

2	"(a) Imposition of Penalty.—The owner or oper-
3	ator of any covered facility that fails for any year to sub-
4	mit to the Secretary, by the deadline described in section

- 5 9913(a), 1 or more of the emission allowances due pursu-
- 6 ant to such section shall be liable for the payment to the
- 7 Secretary of an excess emissions penalty on the date of
- 8 such failure.
- 9 "(b) Amount.—The amount of an excess emissions
- 10 penalty required to be paid under paragraph (1) shall be
- 11 an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying—
- 12 "(1) the number of excess emission allowances
- that the owner or operator failed to submit; and
- 14 "(2) the greater of—
- 15 "(A) \$200; or
- 16 "(B) 3 times the mean market value (as
- determined by the Secretary) of an emission al-
- lowance during the calendar year for which the
- 19 emission allowances were due.
- 20 "(c) Deficiency Procedures Not To Apply.—
- 21 Subchapter B of chapter 63 (relating to deficiency proce-
- 22 dure for income, estate, gift, and certain excise taxes) shall
- 23 not apply in respect of the assessment or collection of any
- 24 penalty imposed by subsection (a).
- 25 "(d) Coordination With Other Penalties.—
- 26 The penalty imposed by this section shall be in addition

- 1 to any other penalty imposed under any other provision
- 2 of law.
- 3 "(e) Continuing Requirement To Submit Al-
- 4 LOWANCES.—The owner or operator of a covered facility
- 5 that fails for any year to submit to the Secretary, by the
- 6 deadline described in section 9913(a), 1 or more of the
- 7 emission allowances due pursuant to that section shall be
- 8 liable to compensate for the shortfall with a submission
- 9 of excess allowances during the following calendar year (or
- 10 such longer period as the Secretary may prescribe).
- 11 "(f) Joint and Several Liability.—All owners
- 12 and operators of a covered facility shall be jointly and sev-
- 13 erally liable for the compliance obligation under section
- 14 9913 with respect to such facility and for any penalty im-
- 15 posed under subsection (a) with respect to any failure to
- 16 comply with such obligation.

# 17 "Subchapter B—Issuance of Allowances

- "Sec. 9911. Emission allowance account.
- "Sec. 9912. Auction.
- "Sec. 9913. Compliance obligation.
- "Sec. 9914. Use of foreign allowances.
- "Sec. 9915. Domestic offsets.
- "Sec. 9916. Overall limitation on use of offsets.
- "Sec. 9917. Authority to modify limitations.

### 18 "SEC. 9911. EMISSION ALLOWANCE ACCOUNT.

- 19 "(a) In General.—There are hereby established a
- 20 separate quantity of emission allowances for each of cal-
- 21 endar years 2012 through 2050 as determined in accord-
- 22 ance with the following table:

"Calendar Year	Number of Emission Allowances (in Millions)
2012	6,351
2013	6,193
2014	6.035
2015	5,877
2016	5,719
2017	5,561
2018	5,403
2019	5,245
2020	5,087
2021	4,929
2022	4,771
2023	4,613
2024	4,455
2025	4,297
2026	4,139
2027	3,981
2028	3,823
2029	3,666
2030	3,508
2031	3,350
2032	3,192
2033	3,034
2034	2,876
2035	2,718
2036	2,560
2037	2,402
2038	2,244

"Calendar Year	Number of Emission Allowances (in Millions)
2039	2,086
2040	1,928
2041	1,770
2042	1,612
2043	1,454
2044	1,296
2045	1,138
2046	980
2047	822
2048	664
2049	506
2050	348

- 1 "(b) Borrowing.—If authorized by the Carbon Mar-
- 2 ket Efficiency Board, the Secretary may increase the num-
- 3 ber of emission allowances established for any year by
- 4 making a corresponding reduction in the number of emis-
- 5 sion allowance available in one or more subsequent years.
- 6 Any increase in the number of allowance established for
- 7 any year under this subsection shall not exceed the
- 8 amount of the increase authorized by the Carbon Market
- 9 Efficiency Board for such year and the corresponding re-
- 10 duction with respect to such increase shall be made in ac-
- 11 cordance with such authorization but shall in no event be
- 12 less than such increase.

- 1 "(c) Serial Numbers.—The Secretary shall assign
- 2 to each emission allowance established under subsection
- 3 (a) a unique serial number that includes the calendar year
- 4 for which that emission allowance was established (after
- 5 taking into account any borrowing under subsection (b)).
- 6 "(d) Legal Status of Emission Allowances.—
- 7 "(1) In general.—An emission allowance shall
- 8 not be a property right.
- 9 "(2) Termination or limitation.—Nothing
- in this subtitle or any other provision of law limits
- the authority of the United States to terminate or
- 12 limit an emission allowance.
- 13 "(3) OTHER PROVISIONS UNAFFECTED.—Noth-
- ing in this subtitle relating to emission allowances
- shall affect the application of, or compliance with,
- any other provision of law to or by a covered facility.

#### 17 "SEC. 9912, AUCTION.

- 18 "(a) In General.—Except as otherwise provided in
- 19 this subtitle, the Secretary shall conduct auctions of the
- 20 allowances established under section 9911 not later than
- 21 the close of the calendar year preceding the calendar year
- 22 for which such allowance was established.
- 23 "(b) Auctions Not Less Frequently Than An-
- 24 NUALLY.—The Secretary shall conduct at least one auc-
- 25 tion under subsection (a) during every 12 month period.

- 1 "(c) Allowances Auctioned Not More Than 5
- 2 Years in Advance.—The Secretary shall not auction an
- 3 allowance established for any calendar year if such cal-
- 4 endar year begins more than 5 years after the date of the
- 5 auction.

### 6 "SEC. 9913. COMPLIANCE OBLIGATION.

- 7 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
- 8 end of a calendar year, the owner or operator of a covered
- 9 facility shall submit to the Secretary an emission allow-
- 10 ance, a foreign allowance, or domestic offset allowance for
- 11 each carbon dioxide equivalent attributable to such facility
- 12 as calculated by the Administrator of the Environmental
- 13 Protection Agency under section 402 of the Climate MAT-
- 14 TERS Act of 2008.
- 15 "(b) Retirement of Allowances.—Immediately
- 16 upon receipt of an emission allowance under subsection
- 17 (a), the Secretary shall retire the allowance.
- 18 "(c) Determination of Compliance.—Not later
- 19 than July 1 of each year, the Secretary shall determine
- 20 whether the owners and operators of all covered facilities
- 21 are in full compliance with subsection (a) for the preceding
- 22 year.
- 23 "(d) Reductions in Compliance Obligations.—
- 24 If the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
- 25 Agency identifies any additional reductions in carbon diox-

- 1 ide equivalents by the owner or operator of a covered facil-
- 2 ity under section 402 of the Climate MATTERS Act of
- 3 2008, the reductions shall reduce the owner or operator's
- 4 compliance obligation under subsection (a).

#### 5 "SEC. 9914. USE OF FOREIGN ALLOWANCES.

- 6 "(a) Foreign Allowances Under Cap and
- 7 Trade Program.—The owner or operator of a covered
- 8 facility may satisfy not more than 15 percent of its compli-
- 9 ance obligation under section 9913(a) by submitting for-
- 10 eign allowances distributed by a WTO participant pursu-
- 11 ant to a commensurate cap and trade program (as defined
- 12 in section 111(f)(1)(B) of the Climate MATTERS Act of
- 13 2008).
- 14 "(b) International Forest Allowances.—The
- 15 owner or operator of a covered facility may satisfy not
- 16 more than 15 percent of the allowance submission require-
- 17 ment of the covered facility under section 9913(a) by sub-
- 18 mitting an allowance generated under an agreement to un-
- 19 dertake international forest carbon activities entered into
- 20 under section 115(c) of the Climate MATTERS Act of
- 21 2008.
- 22 "(c) Regulations.—Not later than 2 years after the
- 23 date of enactment of this subtitle, the Secretary shall pro-
- 24 mulgate regulations based upon recommendations from
- 25 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-

- 1 cy, taking into consideration protocols adopted in accord-
- 2 ance with the United Nations Framework Convention on
- 3 Climate Change, done at New York on May 9, 1992, ap-
- 4 proving the use under this subtitle of foreign allowances.
- 5 "(d) Facility Certification.—The owner or oper-
- 6 ator of a covered facility who submits a foreign allowance
- 7 under this subtitle shall certify that the allowance has not
- 8 been retired from use in the registry of the applicable for-
- 9 eign country.
- 10 "(e) Definitions.—Any term used in this section
- 11 which is also used in title I of the Climate MATTERS
- 12 Act of 2008 shall have the same meaning as when used
- 13 in such title.
- 14 "SEC. 9915. DOMESTIC OFFSETS.
- 15 "(a) In General.—In addition to any allowances es-
- 16 tablished under section 9911, the Secretary shall establish
- 17 domestic offset allowances which, except as otherwise pro-
- 18 vided in this section, shall be treated for purposes of this
- 19 subtitle in the same manner as emission allowances estab-
- 20 lished under section 9911.
- 21 "(b) Issuance.—The Secretary shall issue domestic
- 22 offset allowances corresponding to the reduction in carbon
- 23 dioxide equivalents created by offset projects described in
- 24 this subsection as determined by the Administrator of the

1	Environmental Protection Agency and reported to the Sec-
2	retary.
3	"(c) Regulations.—Not later than 18 months after
4	the date of enactment of this title, the Administrator of
5	the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation
6	with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall promulgate regula-
7	tions establishing the criteria for offset projects that qual-
8	ify for domestic offset allowances in accordance with the
9	requirements of this section.
10	"(d) REQUIREMENTS.—The regulations described in
11	subsection (a) shall, at minimum—
12	"(1) authorize the issuance of domestic offset
13	allowances generated through qualifying offset
14	projects within the United States that achieve green-
15	house gas emission reductions below, or increases in
16	biological sequestration above, the project baseline;
17	"(2) ensure that such offset credits represent
18	real, verifiable, additional, permanent, and enforce-
19	able reductions in greenhouse gas emissions or in-
20	creases in biological sequestration;
21	"(3) establish procedures for project initiation
22	and approval:

establish procedures for third-party

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verification of offset allowances; and

1	"(5) provide for the implementation of the re-
2	quirements of this section.
3	"(e) Periodic Review.—Not later than 5 years
4	after the date of enactment of this section, and periodi-
5	cally thereafter, the Administrator of the Environmental
6	Protection Agency shall review and revise, as necessary
7	the regulations promulgated under this section.
8	"(f) Eligible Project Types.—
9	"(1) In general.—The types of projects eligi-
10	ble to generate domestic offset allowances under this
11	subtitle shall be limited to projects that—
12	"(A) reduce greenhouse gas emissions
13	from agricultural facilities in the United States
14	resulting from enteric fermentation or manure
15	management and disposal;
16	"(B) increase biological sequestration of
17	carbon through afforestation or reforestation of
18	acreage in the United States that was not for-
19	ested as of June 17, 2008;
20	"(C) reduce fugitive greenhouse gas emis-
21	sions from petroleum and natural gas systems
22	in the United States;
23	"(D) reduce greenhouse gas emissions
24	from coal mines in the United States: or

1	"(E) reduce greenhouse gas emissions
2	from the agricultural sector other than those
3	projects specified in subparagraph (A), provided
4	any such offset project types are approved
5	under the National Academy of Sciences review
6	described in subsection (h).
7	"(2) Exclusions.—No domestic offset allow-
8	ances shall be generated under this section by—
9	"(A) any reduction of greenhouse gas
10	emissions that are covered by the compliance
11	obligations set forth in section 9913; or
12	"(B) any activity receiving support under
13	part 4 of subtitle B of title II of the Climate
14	MATTERS Act of 2008.
15	"(g) Limitation on Use.—The owner or operator
16	of a covered facility may satisfy not more than 10 percent
17	if its compliance obligation under section 9913(a) by sub-
18	mitting domestic offset allowances. Initially, agricultural
19	offset projects subject to National Academy of Sciences
20	review under subsection (h) shall be limited to no more
21	than 4 percent of this compliance obligation. This amount
22	shall be increased or decreased as a result of the National
23	Academy of Sciences review, but in no event, shall the
24	owner or operator of a covered facility be entitled to sat-
25	isfy greater than 5 percent of its compliance obligation

1	through agricultural offset projects subject to National
2	Academy of Sciences review.
3	"(h) National Academy Review of Agricul-
4	TURAL PROJECTS.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall enter
6	into a contract with the National Academy of
7	Sciences no later than 6 months after the date of
8	the enactment of this subsection under which the
9	Academy shall submit to Congress, the Secretary,
10	the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Administrator
11	of the Environmental Protection Agency a report
12	which includes recommendations as to—
13	"(A) whether certain agricultural projects
14	would, with a high degree of confidence, result
15	in real, verifiable, additional, permanent, and
16	enforceable reductions in greenhouse gas emis-
17	sions or increases in biological sequestration,
18	"(B) the specific types of such projects
19	and the specific protocols for ensuring the long-
20	term environmental integrity of reductions in
21	greenhouse gas emissions from such projects
22	"(C) whether the limitations on use of ag-
23	ricultural projects subject to National Academy
24	of Sciences review should be increased or de-
25	creased based on the determinations in (A) and

1 (B), in no event to exceed 5 percent of an owner or operator of a covered facility's total compliance obligation.

"(2) Rulemaking on Positive Recommendations.—If the report required under paragraph (1) finds with a high degree of confidence that certain agricultural projects would result in real, verifiable, additional, permanent, and enforceable reductions in greenhouse gas emissions or increases in biological sequestration, then the Secretary of Agriculture, in collaboration with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall promulgate regulations, based on the specific recommendations of the report, allowing those project types to be eligible to generate offset credits.

#### 16 "SEC. 9916. OVERALL LIMITATION ON USE OF OFFSETS.

"The owner or operator of a covered facility may sat-18 isfy not more than a total of 25 percent of its compliance 19 obligation under section 9913(a) by submitting a combina-

20 tion of foreign allowances under section 9914(a), inter-

21 national forest allowances under section 9914(b), and do-

22 mestic offset allowances under section 9915.

### 23 "SEC. 9917. AUTHORITY TO MODIFY LIMITATIONS.

"The Secretary may increase or decrease the numberof emission allowance established for each calendar year

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- 1 under section 9911 and the percentages in effect under
- 2 section 9914(a) and section 9915(c) only to the extent au-
- 3 thorized by the Carbon Market Efficiency Board consist
- 4 with the requirements of subchapter D and section
- 5 9911(b), or as recommended by the Administrator of the
- 6 Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the Na-
- 7 tional Academy of Sciences report consistent with the re-
- 8 quirements of subchapter E.

# 9 "Subchapter C—Trading

"Sec. 9921. Allowance transfer system.

"Sec. 9922. No termination of emission allowances.

### 10 "SEC. 9921. ALLOWANCE TRANSFER SYSTEM.

- 11 "(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall estab-
- 12 lish a system for issuing, recording, and tracking emission
- 13 allowances, including the use of foreign allowances and do-
- 14 mestic offset allowances.
- 15 "(b) Recording Requirement.—The transfer of
- 16 an emission allowance shall not be effective until such date
- 17 as a written certification of the transfer, signed by a re-
- 18 sponsible official of each party to the transfer, is received
- 19 and recorded by the Secretary. An emission allowance
- 20 shall not be taken into account under this subtitle with
- 21 respect to any owner or operator of a covered facility un-
- 22 less such owner or operator is the recorded holder of such
- 23 allowance.

"(c) Holders Not Restricted.—The privilege of 1 purchasing, holding, and transferring emission allowances shall not be restricted to the owners and operators of cov-3 4 ered facilities. "SEC. 9922. NO TERMINATION OF EMISSION ALLOWANCES. 6 "An emission allowance may be submitted under section 9913 for the year for which it was established or any 8 year thereafter. The passage of time shall not, by itself, diminish the compliance value of the emission allowance. 10 "Subchapter D—Carbon Market Efficiency 11 Board "Sec. 9931 Establishment of Carbon Market Efficiency Board. "Sec. 9932. Duties. "Sec. 9933. Powers. 12 "SEC. 9931 ESTABLISHMENT OF CARBON MARKET EFFI-13 CIENCY BOARD. 14 ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established board, to be known as the 'Carbon Market Efficiency 15 16 Board' (referred to in this subtitle as the 'Board'). 17 "(b) Purposes.—The purposes of the Board are— 18 "(1) to promote the achievement of the pur-19 poses of the Climate MATTERS Act of 2008; 20 "(2) to observe the national greenhouse gas 21 emission market and evaluate periods during which

the cost of emission allowances provided under Fed-

eral law might pose substantial harm to the econ-

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omy; and

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1	"(3) to submit to the President and Congress,
2	and publish on the Internet, the reports required
3	under section 9933(c).
4	"(c) Membership.—
5	"(1) Composition.—The Board shall be com-
6	posed of 7 members who are citizens of the United
7	States, to be appointed by the President, by and
8	with the advice and consent of the Senate.
9	"(2) Requirements.—In appointing members
10	of the Board under paragraph (1), the President
11	shall—
12	"(A) ensure fair representation of the fi-
13	nancial, agricultural, industrial, and commercial
14	sectors, and the geographical regions, of the
15	United States, and include a representative of
16	consumer interests;
17	"(B) appoint not more than 1 member
18	from each such geographical region;
19	"(C) ensure that not more than 4 members
20	of the Board serving at any time are affiliated
21	with the same political party; and
22	"(D) ensure that at least 1 member is a
23	scientist with expertise in climate change and
24	the effects of climate change on the environ-
25	ment.

# "(3) Compensation.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A member of the Board shall be compensated at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level II of the Executive Schedule under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which the member is engaged in the performance of the duties of the Board.

"(B) CHAIRPERSON.—The Chairperson of the Board shall be compensated at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level I of the Executive Schedule under section 5312 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which the member is engaged in the performance of the duties of the Board.

### "(4) Prohibitions.—

"(A) Conflicts of interest.—An individual employed by, or holding any official relationship (including any shareholder) with, any entity engaged in the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of energy, an individual who has any pecuniary interest in the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of en-

1	ergy, or an individual who has a pecuniary in-
2	terest in the implementation of Climate MAT-
3	TERS Act of 2008, shall not be appointed to
4	the Board under this subsection.
5	"(B) NO OTHER EMPLOYMENT.—A mem-
6	ber of the Board shall not hold any other em-
7	ployment during the term of service of the
8	member.
9	"(d) Term; Vacancies.—
10	"(1) TERM.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term of a mem-
12	ber of the Board shall be 14 years, except that
13	the members first appointed to the Board shall
14	be appointed for terms in a manner that en-
15	sures that—
16	"(i) the term of not more than 1
17	member shall expire during any 2-year pe-
18	riod; and
19	"(ii) no member serves a term of more
20	than 14 years.
21	"(B) OATH OF OFFICE.—A member shall
22	take the oath of office of the Board by not later
23	than 15 days after the date on which the mem-
24	ber is appointed under subsection $(c)(1)$ .
25	"(C) Removal.—

1	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A member may be
2	removed from the Board on determination
3	of the President for cause.
4	"(ii) Notification.—Not later than
5	30 days before removing a member from
6	the Board for cause under clause (i), the
7	President shall provide to Congress an ad-
8	vance notification of the determination by
9	the President to remove the member.
10	"(2) Vacancies.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A vacancy on the
12	Board—
13	"(i) shall not affect the powers of the
14	Board; and
15	"(ii) shall be filled in the same man-
16	ner as the original appointment was made.
17	"(B) Service until new appoint-
18	MENT.—A member of the Board the term of
19	whom has expired or otherwise been terminated
20	shall continue to serve until the date on which
21	a replacement is appointed under subparagraph
22	(A)(ii), if the President determines that service
23	to be appropriate.
24	"(e) Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson.—Of
25	members of the Board, the President shall appoint—

1	"(1) 1 member to serve as Chairperson of the
2	Board for a term of 4 years; and
3	"(2) 1 member to serve as Vice-Chairperson of
4	the Board for a term of 4 years.
5	"(f) Meetings.—
6	"(1) Initial meeting.—The Board shall hold
7	the initial meeting of the Board as soon as prac-
8	ticable after the date on which all members have
9	been appointed to the Board under subsection
10	(c)(1).
11	"(2) Presiding officer.—A meeting of the
12	Board shall be presided over by—
13	"(A) the Chairperson;
14	"(B) in any case in which the Chairperson
15	is absent, the Vice-Chairperson; or
16	"(C) in any case in which the Chairperson
17	and Vice-Chairperson are absent, a chairperson
18	pro tempore, to be elected by the members of
19	the Board.
20	"(3) Quorum.—Four members of the Board
21	shall constitute a quorum for a meeting of the
22	Board.
23	"(4) Open meetings.—The Board shall be
24	subject to section 552b of title 5, United States

1	Code (commonly known as the 'Government in the
2	Sunshine Act').
3	"(g) Records.—The Board shall be subject to sec-
4	tion 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly known
5	as the 'Freedom of Information Act').
6	"(h) REVIEW BY GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY
7	Office.—Not later than January 1, 2013, and annually
8	thereafter, the Comptroller General of the United States
9	shall conduct a review of the efficacy of the Board in ful-
10	filling the purposes and duties of the Board under this
11	subchapter.
12	"SEC. 9932. DUTIES.
13	"(a) Information Gathering.—
14	"(1) AUTHORITY.—The Board shall collect and
15	analyze relevant market information to promote a
16	full understanding of the dynamics of the emission
17	allowance market established under this subtitle.
18	"(2) Information.—The Board shall gather
19	such information as the Board determines to be ap-
20	propriate regarding the status of the market, includ-
21	ing information relating to—
22	"(A) emission allowance allocation and
23	availability;
24	"(B) the price of emission allowances;

1	"(C) macro- and micro-economic effects of
2	unexpected substantial increases and decreases
3	in emission allowance prices, or shifts in the
4	emission allowance market, should those in-
5	creases, decreases, or shifts occur;
6	"(D) economic effect thresholds that could
7	warrant implementation of cost relief measures
8	described in section 9933;
9	"(E) in the event any cost relief measures
10	described in section 9933(a) are taken, the ef-
11	feets of those measures on the market;
12	"(F) maximum levels of cost relief meas-
13	ures that are necessary to achieve avoidance of
14	economic harm and preserve achievement of the
15	purposes of the Climate MATTERS Act of
16	2008; and
17	"(G) the success of the market in pro-
18	moting achievement of the purposes of the Cli-
19	mate MATTERS Act of 2008.
20	"(b) Study.—
21	"(1) In general.—During the 2-year period
22	beginning on the date on which the emission allow-
23	ance market established under this subtitle begins
24	operation, the Board shall conduct a study of other

1	markets for tradeable permits to emit covered green-
2	house gases.
3	"(2) Report.—Not later than 180 days after
4	the beginning of the period described in paragraph
5	(1), the Board shall submit to Congress, and publish
6	on the Internet, a report describing the status of the
7	market, specifically with respect to volatility within
8	the market and the average price of emission allow-
9	ances during that 180-day period.
10	"(c) Reports.—The Board shall submit to the Sec-
11	retary and Congress quarterly reports—
12	"(1) describing the status of the emission allow-
13	ance market established under this subtitle, the eco-
14	nomic effects of the market, regional, industrial, and
15	consumer responses to the market, energy invest-
16	ment responses to the market, the effects on the
17	market of any fraud on, or manipulation of, the
18	market that the Board has identified, any corrective
19	measures that should be carried out to alleviate
20	identified problems including excessive costs of the
21	market, and plans to compensate for those meas-
22	ures;
23	"(2) including a description of—
24	"(A) any cost relief measures authorized

by the Board under section 9933,

1	"(B) the actions taken by the Secretary
2	pursuant to such authorizations, and
3	"(C) the effect of such actions on the long-
4	term functioning of the emission allowance mar-
5	ket taking into account any reductions in allow-
6	ance established for future years as a result of
7	such actions, and
8	"(3) that are prepared independently by the
9	Board, and not in partnership with Federal agen-
10	cies.
11	"SEC. 9933. POWERS.
12	"(a) Cost Relief Measures.—
13	"(1) In General.—If the Board determines
14	that the emission allowance market established
15	under this subtitle poses a substantial harm to the
16	economy of the United States, the Board may, in
17	order to ensure functioning, stable, and efficient
18	markets for emission allowances, authorize the Sec-
19	retary to carry out one or more of the following cost
20	relief measures:
21	"(A) Increase the percentage limitation ap-
22	plicable under either or both section 9914(a)(1)
23	or (b) on the foreign allowances that the owner
24	or operator of any covered facility may use for
25	any calendar year to satisfy the allowance sub-

1	mission requirement of the covered facility
2	under section 9913(a).
3	"(B) Increase the percentage limitation ap-
4	plicable under section 9915(c) on the domestic
5	offset allowances that the owner or operator of
6	any covered facility may use for any calendar
7	year to satisfy the allowance submission re-
8	quirement of the covered facility under section
9	9913(a).
10	"(C) Increase the quantity of emission al-
11	lowances established for any calendar year and
12	make corresponding reductions in the emission
13	allowances established for any subsequent cal-
14	endar years.
15	"(2) General requirements of authoriza-
16	TION.—On determination by the Board to authorize
17	a cost relief measure pursuant to paragraph (1), the
18	Board shall—
19	"(A) authorize the cost relief measure to
20	be used only during the applicable allocation
21	year; and
22	"(B) authorize the measure only as needed
23	to avoid substantial economic harm during the
24	applicable allocation year.

1	"(3) Limitation on authorization to in-
2	CREASE PERCENTAGE OF PERMISSIBLE ALLOW-
3	ANCES.—Any authorization under subparagraph (A),
4	(B), or (C) of paragraph (1) shall specify the max-
5	imum number of percentage points that the Sec-
6	retary is authorized to increase the percentage in ef-
7	fect under section $9914(a)(1)$ or (b) or $9915(c)$ , re-
8	spectively.
9	"(4) Limitations on authorization to in-
10	CREASE CURRENT YEAR EMISSION ALLOWANCES.—
11	"(A) In General.—Any authorization
12	under paragraph (1)(D) shall specify the max-
13	imum increase in emission allowances that the
14	Secretary is authorized to make for the speci-
15	fied calendar year and the subsequent calendar
16	years in which the Secretary is authorized to
17	make corresponding reductions.
18	"(B) MAXIMUM INCREASE.—The max-
19	imum authorized increase in emission allow-
20	ances under subparagraph (A) for any calendar
21	year shall not exceed 5 percent of the quantity
22	of emission allowances established for such cal-
23	endar year without regard to such increase.
24	"(C) Maximum term for reductions.—
25	The corresponding reductions authorized under

1	subparagraph (A) shall not take into account
2	any calendar years other than the 20 calendar
3	years immediately following the calendar year of
4	the authorized increase.
5	"(c) Limitations.—Nothing in this section gives the
6	Board the authority—
7	"(1) to consider or prescribe entity-level peti-
8	tions for relief from the costs of an emission allow-
9	ance allocation or trading program established under
10	Federal law;
11	"(2) to carry out any investigative or punitive
12	process under the jurisdiction of any Federal or
13	State court; or
14	"(3) to increase the total quantity of emission
15	allowances issued under this subtitle for the period
16	of calendar years 2012 through 2050.
17	"Subchapter E—National Academy of
18	Sciences Review
	"Sec. 9941. National Academy of Sciences review.
19	"SEC. 9941. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES REVIEW.
20	"(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
21	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall offer
22	to enter into a contract with the National Academy of

23 Sciences under which the Academy shall, not later than

24 January 1, 2012, and every 3 years thereafter, submit to

1	Congress, the Carbon Market Efficiency Board, the Sec-
2	retary, and the Administrator of the Environmental Pro-
3	tection Agency a report that includes an analysis of—
4	"(1) the latest scientific information and data
5	relevant to global climate change; and
6	"(2) the performance of Climate MATTERS
7	Act of 2008 and the amendments made by such Act
8	and other policies in reducing greenhouse gas emis-
9	sions and mitigating the adverse impacts of global
10	climate change.
11	"(b) Latest Scientific Information.—The anal-
12	ysis required under subsection (a)(1) shall—
13	"(1) address existing reports, including the
14	most recent assessment report of the Intergovern-
15	mental Panel on Climate Change; and
16	"(2) include a description of—
17	"(A) trends in and projections for total
18	United States greenhouse gas emissions;
19	"(B) trends in and projections for total
20	worldwide greenhouse gas emissions;
21	"(C) current and projected future atmos-
22	pheric concentrations of greenhouse gases;
23	"(D) current and projected future global
24	average temperature, including an analysis of
25	whether an increase of global average tempera-

1 ture in excess of 3.6 degrees Fahrenheit (2 de-2 grees Celsius) above the preindustrial average 3 has occurred or is more likely than not to occur 4 in the foreseeable future as a result of anthropogenic climate change; 6 "(E) current and projected future adverse 7 impacts of global climate change on human 8 populations, wildlife, and natural resources; and 9 "(F) trends in and projections for the 10 health of the oceans and ocean ecosystems, in-11 cluding predicted changes in ocean acidity, tem-12 peratures, the extent of coral reefs, and other 13 indicators of ocean ecosystem health, resulting 14 from anthropogenic carbon dioxide and climate 15 change. "(c) Rulemaking on Recommendations.—Based 16 on the report under subsection (a), the Administrator of 18 the Environmental Protection Agency shall submit a rec-19 ommendation to the Secretary for regulatory action, and if such regulatory action is within the authority of such 20 21 Secretary, the Secretary shall, not later than 2 years after the submission of such recommendation, finalize a rule-23 making (after notice and comment)— 24 "(1) to carry out such regulatory action; or

"(2) to explain the reasons for declining to act.

## "Subchapter F—Industry Transition

### 2 Assistance

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"Sec. 9951. General allocation and distribution.

"Sec. 9952. Distributing emission allowances to owners and operators of fossil fuel-fired electric power generating facilities.

"Sec. 9953. Distributing emission allowances to owners and operators of energy intensive manufacturing facilities.

#### 3 "SEC. 9951. GENERAL ALLOCATION AND DISTRIBUTION.

- 4 "(a) General Allocation.—Not later than April
- 5 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through December 31,
- 6 2019, the Secretary shall allocate percentages of the emis-
- 7 sion allowance account established for the following cal-
- 8 endar year as follows:

"Calendar year	Owners and operators of fossil fuel-fired electric power generating facilities	Owners and operators of energy intensive manu- facturing facilities
2012 thru 2015	5 percent	10 percent
2016	4 percent	8 percent
2017	3 percent	6 percent
2018	2 percent	4 percent
2019	1 percent	2 percent

- 9 "(b) GENERAL DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 1
- 10 year after the date of enactment of this subtitle, the Sec-
- 11 retary shall establish a system for distributing to entities
- 12 identified under subsection (a) the emission allowances al-
- 13 located under that subsection.

1	"SEC. 9952. DISTRIBUTING EMISSION ALLOWANCES TO
2	OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF FOSSIL FUEL-
3	FIRED ELECTRIC POWER GENERATING FA-
4	CILITIES.
5	"(a) In General.—As part of the system established
6	under section 9951(b), the Secretary shall, for each cal-
7	endar year, distribute to fossil fuel-fired electric power
8	generating facilities (including such facilities owned or op-
9	erated by rural electric cooperatives) that were operating
10	during the calendar year preceding the year in which this
11	subtitle was enacted the emission allowances represented
12	by the percentages described in the table contained in sec-
13	tion 9951(a) for owners and operators of fossil fuel-fired
14	electric power generating facilities.
15	"(b) Calculation of Allowances.—The quantity
16	of emission allowances distributed to a fossil fuel-fired
17	electric power generating facility under subsection (a)
18	shall be equal to the product obtained by multiplying—
19	"(1) the quantity of emission allowances avail-
20	able for distribution under subsection (a); and
21	"(2) the quotient obtained by dividing—
22	"(A) the annual average quantity of car-
23	bon dioxide equivalents emitted by the facility
24	during the 3 calendar years preceding the date
25	of enactment of this subtitle; by

"(B) the annual average of the aggregate
quantity of carbon dioxide equivalents emitted
by all fossil fuel-fired electric power generating
facilities during those 3 calendar years.
"SEC. 9953. DISTRIBUTING EMISSION ALLOWANCES TO
OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF ENERGY IN-
TENSIVE MANUFACTURING FACILITIES.
"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
"(1) Currently operating facility.—The
term 'currently operating facility' means an eligible
manufacturing facility that had significant oper-
ations during the calendar year preceding the cal-
endar year for which emission allowances are being
distributed under this section.
"(2) Eligible manufacturing facility.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible
manufacturing facility' means a manufacturing
facility located in the United States that prin-
cipally manufactures iron, steel, aluminum,
pulp, paper, cement, chemicals, or such other
products as the Secretary, after consultation
with the Administrator of the Environmental
Protection Agency, may determine are likely to
be significantly disadvantaged in competitive

international markets as a result of indirect

1	costs of the program established under this sub-
2	title.
3	"(B) Exclusion.—The term 'eligible
4	manufacturing facility' does not include a facil-
5	ity eligible to receive emission allowances under
6	section 9952.
7	"(3) Indirect carbon dioxide emissions.—
8	The term 'indirect carbon dioxide emissions' means
9	the product obtained by multiplying (as determined
10	by the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-
11	tion Agency)—
12	"(A) the quantity of electricity consump-
13	tion at an eligible manufacturing facility; and
14	"(B) the rate of carbon dioxide emission
15	per kilowatt-hour output for the region in which
16	the manufacturer is located.
17	"(4) New entrant manufacturing facil-
18	ITY.—The term 'new entrant manufacturing facil-
19	ity', with respect to a calendar year, means an eligi-
20	ble manufacturing facility that began operation dur-
21	ing or after the calendar year for which emission al-
22	lowances are being distributed under this section.
23	"(b) Total Allocation for Currently Oper-
24	ATING FACILITIES.—As part of the system established
25	under section 9951(b), the Secretary shall, for each cal-

1	endar year, distribute 96 percent of the total quantity of
2	emission allowances available for allocation to energy-in-
3	tensive manufacturing under section 9951(a) to currently
4	operating facilities.
5	"(c) Total Allocation for Currently Oper-
6	ATING FACILITIES IN EACH CATEGORY OF MANUFAC-
7	TURING FACILITIES.—The quantity of emission allow-
8	ances distributed by the Secretary for a calendar year to
9	facilities in each category of currently operating facilities
10	shall be equal to the product obtained by multiplying—
11	"(1) the total quantity of emission allowances
12	available for allocation under subsection (b); and
13	"(2) the ratio that (during the calendar year
14	preceding the calendar year for which emission al-
15	lowances are being distributed under this section)—
16	"(A) the sum of the direct and indirect
17	carbon dioxide emissions by currently operating
18	facilities in the category; bears to
19	"(B) the sum of the direct and indirect
20	carbon dioxide emissions by all currently oper-
21	ating facilities.
22	"(d) Individual Allocations to Currently Op-
23	ERATING FACILITIES.—The quantity of emission allow-

24 ances distributed by the Secretary for a calendar year to

1	a currently operating facility shall be a quantity equal to
2	the product obtained by multiplying—
3	"(1) the total quantity of emission allowances
4	available for allocation to currently-operating facili-
5	ties in the appropriate category, as determined
6	under subsection (c); and
7	"(2) the ratio that (during the 3 calendar years
8	preceding the year for which the allocation rule is
9	promulgated for the allocation period)—
10	"(A) the average number of production
11	employees employed at the facility; bears to
12	"(B) the average number of production
13	employees employed at all existing eligible man-
14	ufacturing facilities in the appropriate category.
15	"(e) New Entrant Manufacturing Facili-
16	TIES.—
17	"(1) In general.—As part of the system es-
18	tablished under section 9951(b), the Secretary shall,
19	for each calendar year, distribute 4 percent of the
20	total quantity of emission allowances available for al-
21	location to carbon intensive manufacturing under
22	section 9951(a) to new entrant manufacturing facili-
23	ties.
24	"(2) Individual allocations.—The quantity
25	of emission allowances distributed by the Secretary

1	for a calendar year to a new entrant manufacturing
2	facility shall be proportional to the product obtained
3	by multiplying—
4	"(A) the average number of production
5	employees employed at the new entrant manu-
6	facturing facility during the prior calendar year;
7	and
8	"(B) the rate (in emission allowances per
9	production employee) at which emission allow-
10	ances were allocated to currently operating fa-
11	cilities in the appropriate category for the cal-
12	endar year, as determined under subsection (d).
13	"Subchapter G—Definitions
	"Sec. 9961. Definitions.
14	"SEC. 9961. DEFINITIONS.
15	"For purposes of this subtitle—
16	"(1) CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.—The
17	term 'carbon dioxide equivalent' means, for each
18	greenhouse gas, the quantity of the greenhouse gas

oxide.
"(2) COVERED FACILITY.—The term 'covered facility' means—

that the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-

tion Agency, determines makes the same contribu-

tion to global warming as 1 metric ton of carbon di-

19

20

1	"(A) any facility that uses more than
2	5,000 tons of coal in a calendar year;
3	"(B) any facility that is a natural gas
4	processing plant or that produces natural gas in
5	the State of Alaska, or any entity that imports
6	natural gas (including liquefied natural gas);
7	"(C) any facility that in any year produces,
8	or any entity that in any year imports,
9	petroleum- or coal-based liquid or gaseous fuel,
10	the combustion of which will emit a greenhouse
11	gas, assuming no capture and sequestration of
12	that gas;
13	"(D) any facility that in any year produces
14	for sale or distribution, or any entity that in
15	any year imports, more than 10,000 carbon di-
16	oxide equivalents of chemicals that are green-
17	house gas, assuming no capture and destruction
18	or sequestration of that gas; or
19	"(E) any facility that in any year emits as
20	a byproduct of the production of
21	hydrochlorofluorocarbons more than 10,000
22	carbon dioxide equivalents of
23	hydrofluorocarbons.

1	"(3) Destruction.—The term 'destruction'
2	means the conversion of a greenhouse gas by ther-
3	mal, chemical, or other means—
4	"(A) to another gas with a low- or zero-
5	global warming potential; and
6	"(B) for which credit given reflects the ex-
7	tent of reduction in global warming potential
8	actually achieved.
9	"(4) Emission allowance.—The term 'emis-
10	sion allowance' means an authorization to emit 1
11	carbon dioxide equivalent.
12	"(5) Emission allowance account.—The
13	term 'Emission Allowance Account' means the ag-
14	gregate of emission allowances established under sec-
15	tion 9911 for the calendar year.
16	"(6) Facility.—The term 'facility' means—
17	"(A) 1 or more buildings, structures, or in-
18	stallations located on 1 or more contiguous or
19	adjacent properties of an entity in the United
20	States; and
21	"(B) at the option of the Secretary, after
22	consultation with the Administrator of the En-
23	vironmental Protection Agency, any activity or
24	operation that—

1	"(i) emits 10,000 carbon dioxide
2	equivalents in any year; and
3	"(ii) has a technical connection with
4	the activities carried out at a facility, such
5	as use of transportation fleets, pipelines,
6	transmission lines, and distribution lines,
7	but that is not conducted or located on the
8	property of the facility.
9	"(7) Greenhouse gas.—The term 'greenhouse
10	gas' means any of—
11	"(A) carbon dioxide;
12	"(B) methane;
13	"(C) nitrous oxide;
14	"(D) sulfur hexafluoride;
15	"(E) a perfluorocarbon;
16	"(F) a hydrofluorocarbon; or
17	"(G) any other anthropogenically-emitted
18	gas that is determined by the Administrator of
19	the Environmental Protection Agency to con-
20	tribute to global warming to a non-negligible
21	degree.
22	"(8) Retire an emission allowance.—The
23	term 'retire an emission allowance' means to dis-
24	qualify an emission allowance for any subsequent
25	use, regardless of whether the use is a sale, ex-

- change, or submission of the allowance in satisfying a compliance obligation.
- 3 "(9) SEQUESTERED AND SEQUESTRATION.—
- 4 The terms 'sequestered' and 'sequestration' mean
- the capture, permanent separation, isolation, or re-
- 6 moval of greenhouse gases from the atmosphere, as
- 7 determined by the Administrator of the Environ-
- 8 mental Protection Agency.".
- 9 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of subtitles
- 10 of such Code is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 11 lowing new item:

Subtitle L. Auction Based Carbon Market.

### 12 TITLE III—CITIZEN PROTECTION

- 13 AND DEFICIT REDUCTION
- 14 TRUST FUNDS
- 15 Subtitle A—Establishment of Trust
- Funds
- 17 SEC. 301. ESTABLISHMENT OF CITIZEN PROTECTION AND
- 18 **DEFICIT REDUCTION TRUST FUNDS.**
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter A of chapter 98 of the
- 20 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at
- 21 the end the following new sections:
- 22 "SEC. 9511. DEFICIT REDUCTION TRUST FUND.
- 23 "(a) Creation of Trust Fund.—There is estab-
- 24 lished in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund
- 25 to be known as the 'Deficit Reduction Trust Fund', con-

- 1 sisting of such amounts as may be appropriated or cred-
- 2 ited to the Deficit Reduction Trust Fund as provided in
- 3 this section or section 9602(b).
- 4 "(b) Transfers to Deficit Reduction Trust
- 5 Fund.—There are hereby appropriated to the Deficit Re-
- 6 duction Trust Fund amounts equivalent to 15 percent
- 7 of—
- 8 "(1) the amounts received pursuant to auction
- 9 of allowances under section 9912, and
- 10 "(2) the amounts received as penalties under
- 11 section 9901.
- 12 "(c) Expenditures.—Amounts in the Deficit Re-
- 13 duction Trust Fund shall be available as provided in ap-
- 14 propriation Acts only for the purpose of reducing the Fed-
- 15 eral debt.
- 16 "SEC. 9512. CITIZEN PROTECTION TRUST FUND.
- 17 "(a) Creation of Trust Fund.—There is estab-
- 18 lished in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund
- 19 to be known as the 'Citizen Protection Trust Fund', con-
- 20 sisting of such amounts as may be appropriated or cred-
- 21 ited to the Citizen Protection Trust Fund as provided in
- 22 this section or section 9602(b).
- 23 "(b) Transfers to Citizen Protection Trust
- 24 Fund.—There are hereby appropriated to the Citizen

- 1 Protection Trust Fund amounts equivalent to 85 percent
- 2 of—
- 3 "(1) the amounts received pursuant to auction
- 4 of allowances under section 9912, and
- 5 "(2) the amounts received as penalties under
- 6 section 9901.
- 7 "(c) Creation of Accounts.—There is established
- 8 in the Citizen Protection Trust Fund each of the separate
- 9 accounts referred to in the table contained in subsection
- 10 (d)(1). Each such account shall consist of such amounts
- 11 as may be transferred or credited to such account.
- 12 "(d) Transfers to Accounts.—
- 13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any amount appropriated
- or credited to the Citizen Protection Trust Fund
- shall be transferred by the Secretary to the accounts
- in such fund in accordance with the ratio (expressed
- as percentages) contained in the following table:

"In the case of the:	The following percentage of such amount:
Consumer Assistance Account	54 percent
Investment in Natural Resource Adaptation Account.	7 percent
Early Action Account	1 percent
State and Tribal Action Account	2.7 percent
International Adaptation Account	3.5 percent
International Technology Assistance Account	3.5 percent
Transition Assistance for Workers Account	4 percent
Domestic Agriculture and Forestry Account	3 percent
Education Account	0.4 percent
International Forestry Account	4.4 percent
Energy Efficiency Account	7.5 percent
Transportation Alternatives Account	2 percent
Green Energy Research Account	7 percent

1	"(2) Phaseout of transfers to early ac-
2	TION ACCOUNT.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any
4	amount appropriated or credited after 2012—
5	"(i) the percentage specified in the
6	table contained in paragraph (1) with re-
7	spect to the Early Action Account, shall be
8	decreased by the applicable number of per-
9	centage points, and
10	"(ii) such percentage of such amount
11	shall be transferred to the Consumer As-
12	sistance Account and shall be available,
13	without further appropriation or fiscal year
14	limitation, only for the healthy families
15	fund described in section 313 of the Cli-
16	mate MATTERS Act of 2008.
17	"(B) Applicable number of percent-
18	AGE POINTS.—With respect to any amount ap-
19	propriated or credited in any calendar year, the
20	applicable number of percentage points is the
21	number determined in accordance with the fol-
22	lowing table:

"In the case of calendar year:	The applicable number of percentage points is:
2013	0.33
2014	0.66
2015 and thereafter	1

1 "(e) Expenditures From Citizen Protection 2 Trust Fund.— 3 "(1) CONSUMER ASSISTANCE ACCOUNT.— 4 Amounts in the Consumer Assistance Account shall 5 be available, without further appropriation or fiscal 6 year limitation, only for carrying out the programs established under part 1 of subtitle B of title III of 7 8 the Climate MATTERS Act of 2008. 9 "(2) Investment in natural resource ad-10 APTATION ACCOUNT.—Amounts in the Investment in 11 Natural Resource Adaptation Account shall be avail-12 able, without further appropriation or fiscal year 13 limitation, only for carrying out the program estab-14 lished under part 2 of subtitle B of title III of the 15 Climate MATTERS Act of 2008. 16 "(3) Early action account.—Amounts in 17 the Early Action Account shall be available, without 18 further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, only 19 for carrying out the program established under part 20 3 of subtitle B of title III of the Climate MATTERS 21 Act of 2008. 22 "(4) STATE AND TRIBAL ACTION ACCOUNT.— 23 Amounts in the State and Tribal Action Account 24 shall be available, without further appropriation or

fiscal year limitation, only for carrying out the pro-

gram established under part 4 of subtitle B of title
III of the Climate MATTERS Act of 2008. Funds
received under this section shall supplement existing
programs and not be in place thereof.

"(5) International Adaptation Account.— Amounts in the International Adaptation Account shall be available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, only to the Administrator of USAID to carry out a Climate Change Adaptation and Response Program for the most vulnerable developing countries to cope with climate change impacts while encouraging engagement of local communities.

# "(6) International technology assistance account.—

"(A) Amounts in the International Technology Assistance Account shall be available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, only to the Secretary of State to provide technology assistance to qualified developing nations to provide incremental financial support to accelerate the deployment of low carbon technologies.

"(B) For purposes of this paragraph—

1	"(i) The term 'low carbon technology'
2	means technologies to produce energy from
3	renewable energy, to reduce energy de-
4	mand through energy efficiency, or to cap-
5	ture and store carbon emissions from fossil
6	fuels.
7	"(ii) Qualified developing countries
8	are those the Secretary of State determines
9	will take nationally appropriate actions
10	that will result in significant, verifiable re-
11	duction of greenhouse gas emissions.
12	"(iii) Incremental financial support
13	means providing partial funding for de-
14	ployment of technologies that would not be
15	deployed within a reasonable time without
16	the added support.
17	"(7) Transition assistance for workers
18	ACCOUNT.—Amounts in the Transition Assistance
19	for Workers Account shall be available in equal
20	amounts, without further appropriation or fiscal
21	year limitation, only—
22	"(A) to the Secretary of Labor to provide
23	transition assistance to dislocated workers and
24	communities, including grants to employers,
25	employer associations, and representatives of

employees, adjustment assistance, employment services to dislocated workers, income-maintenance and needs-related payments to dislocated workers, and grants to State and local governments to assist communities in attracting new employers or providing essential local government services, and

- "(B) to the Secretary of Labor to supplement existing funding for the Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Worker Training Program established under section 171(e) of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998.
- "(8) Domestic agriculture and forestry Account.—Amounts in the Domestic Agriculture and Forestry Account shall be available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, only for carrying out the program established under part 5 of subtitle B of title III of the Climate MATTERS Act of 2008.
- "(9) International Forestry Account.— Amounts in the International Forestry Account shall be available, without further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, only for carrying out the program established under part 6 of subtitle B of title III of the Climate MATTERS Act of 2008.

1	"(10) Energy efficiency account.—
2	Amounts in the Energy Efficiency Account shall be
3	available, without further appropriation or fiscal
4	year limitation, only for carrying out the program
5	established under part 7 of subtitle B of title III of
6	the Climate MATTERS Act of 2008.
7	"(11) Education account.—Amounts in the
8	Education Account shall be available, without fur-
9	ther appropriation or fiscal year limitation, only for
10	environmental education as follows:
11	"(A) 33.3 percent to the Environmental
12	Protection Agency;
13	"(B) 33.3 percent to the Department of
14	Commerce for initiatives under the National
15	Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; and
16	"(C) 33.3 percent to the Secretary of Edu-
17	cation.
18	"(12) Transportation alternatives ac-
19	COUNT.—Amounts in the Transportation Alter-
20	natives Account shall be available, without further
21	appropriation or fiscal year limitation, only for car-
22	rying out the program established under part 8 of
23	subtitle B of title III of the Climate MATTERS Act
24	of 2008

1	"(13) Green energy research account.—
2	Amounts in the Green Energy Research Account
3	shall be available, without further appropriation or
4	fiscal year limitation, only as follows:
5	"(A) 50 percent for tax credits for basic
6	renewable energy technology research.
7	"(B) 25 percent to the National Science
8	Foundation for basic renewable energy tech-
9	nology research.
10	"(C) 25 percent to the Department of En-
11	ergy for basic renewable energy technology re-
12	search.
13	For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'basic re-
14	newable energy technology research' means any
15	original investigation conducted in the United States
16	for the advancement of scientific knowledge in re-
17	newable energy technology not having a specific
18	commercial objective.
19	"(14) Carbon Market efficiency board.—
20	Amounts in the Citizen Protection Trust Fund shall
21	be available, as provided by appropriation Acts, to
22	the Carbon Market Efficiency Board to pay the ex-
23	penses of such Board and salaries of members and
24	employees of such Board. Any amounts made avail-
25	able under this paragraph shall be treated for pur-

1	poses of paragraph (1) as amounts not appropriated
2	or credited to the Citizen Protection Trust Fund.
3	"(f) Limitation on Transfers to the Citizen
4	PROTECTION TRUST FUND.—No amount may be appro-
5	priated to the Citizen Protection Trust Fund on and after
6	the date of any expenditure from the Citizen Protection
7	Trust Fund which is not permitted by this section. The
8	determination of whether an expenditure is so permitted
9	shall be made without regard to—
10	"(1) any provision of law which is not contained
11	or referenced in this title or in a revenue Act, and
12	"(2) whether such provision of law is a subse-
13	quently enacted provision or directly or indirectly
14	seeks to waive the application of this paragraph.".
15	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
16	for subchapter A of chapter 98 of such Code is amended
17	by adding at the end the following new items:

# 18 Subtitle B—Citizen Protection

# 19 **Programs**

- 20 SEC. 310. DEFINITIONS.
- 21 Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, any
- 22 term used in this subtitle which is also used in subtitle
- 23 L of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall have the
- 24 meaning given such term for purposes of such subtitle L.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 9511. Deficit reduction trust fund.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 9512. Citizen protection trust fund.".

1	PART 1—CONSUMER ASSISTANCE
2	SEC. 311. ALLOCATION OF ACCOUNT FUNDS.
3	The amounts made available annually to carry out
4	this part shall be allocated as follows:
5	(1) 16 percent to carry out the climate change
6	rebate program established under section 312,
7	(2) 18 percent for tax relief for low- and mod-
8	erate-income households to mitigate any increased
9	costs due to the regulation of greenhouse gases as
10	provided by this Act (and the amendments made by
11	this Act), and
12	(3) 66 percent for the health families fund de-
13	scribed in section 313.
14	SEC. 312. CLIMATE CHANGE REBATE PROGRAM.
15	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall formulate and
16	administer the Climate Change Rebate Program con-
17	sistent with the provisions of this section. At the request
18	of the State agency, eligible low-income households within
19	the State shall be provided an opportunity to receive com-
20	pensation, through the issuance of a monthly rebate, for
21	the loss in purchasing power resulting from this Act.
22	(b) Eligibility.—Participation in the Climate
23	Change Rebate Program shall be limited to households
24	that—
25	(1) the State agency determines to be partici-
26	pating in the Food Stamp Program (7 U.S.C. 2011

1	et seq.) or the Food Distribution Program on Indian
2	Reservations (7 U.S.C. 2013(b));
3	(2) meet the gross income standard described in
4	section 5(c)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7
5	U.S.C. 2014(c)(2)), including households that in-
6	clude an elderly or disabled member, and the finan-
7	cial resources limit in effect in the State for such
8	households under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7
9	U.S.C. $2014(g)$ ;
10	(3) consist of a single individual or a married
11	couple who receive the subsidy described in section
12	1860D–14 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
13	1395w–114); or
14	(4) consist of a single individual or a married
15	couple who participate in the program under section
16	XVIII of the Social Security Act and who meet the
17	income requirements described in section 1860D-
18	14(a)(1) or (a)(2) and the resource requirements de-
19	scribed in Section $1860D-14(a)(3)(D)$ and
20	(a)(3)(E).
21	(5) Limitation.—The Secretary shall establish
22	procedures to ensure that—
23	(A) individuals in households that qualify
24	for the rebate under paragraph (2) or para-
25	graph (4) and that do not participate in the

	100
1	Food Stamp Program or Medicare are U.S. citi-
2	zens, U.S. nationals, or lawfully residing immi-
3	grants; and
4	(B) households do not receive more than
5	one rebate per month.
6	(c) Rebate Calculation.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—The climate change rebate
8	amount shall be the average annual reduction in
9	purchasing power for low-income households of a
10	given size that results from the regulation of green-
11	house gas emissions under this Act and any other
12	provision of law. The Energy Information Adminis-
13	tration, in consultation with other appropriate fed-
14	eral agencies, shall calculate the climate change re-
15	bate amount by August 31 of each year for the fol-
16	lowing calendar year using the most recent, reliable
17	data available, and report such amount to the Sec-
18	retary.
19	(2) Rebate Calculation.—
20	(A) DISTRIBUTION.—For each calendar
21	year, the Energy Information Administration
22	shall determine and the Secretary shall dis-
23	tribute amounts available under this section

among U.S. households, based on—

1	(i) households' share of total con-
2	sumption by all households;
3	(ii) the carbon intensity (and covered-
4	emissions intensity) of households' con-
5	sumption; and
6	(iii) the share of households' con-
7	sumption that is not financed by federal
8	benefits subject to a cost of living adjust-
9	ment.
10	(B) CLIMATE CHANGE REBATE.—The cli-
11	mate change rebate amount shall be equal to
12	the arithmetic mean value of the amount allo-
13	cated under paragraph (1) to households of a
14	specified household size in the bottom income
15	quintile.
16	(C) INCOME QUINTILES.—Income quintiles
17	shall be determined by ranking households ac-
18	cording to income adjusted for household size,
19	and shall be constructed so that each quintile
20	contains an equal number of people.
21	(D) HOUSEHOLD SIZE.—The climate
22	change rebate amount shall be calculated for
23	each of the household sizes specified in para-
24	graph $(d)(2)$ .
25	(d) Monthly Rebate Amount.—

- 1 (1) MAXIMUM MONTHLY REBATE.—The max2 imum monthly rebate under this subsection for each
  3 household size shall be equal to the annual climate
  4 change rebate amount calculated under subsection
  5 (c) for that household size, divided by 12 and round6 ed to the nearest whole dollar amount.
  - (2) Household sizes.—Households shall receive a rebate based on the number of individuals in the household, except that households of five or more members shall receive the same rebate amount based on calculations under subsection (c) for households with five or more members.

#### (3) Gross income.—

- (A) Eligible households shall receive a monthly rebate based on the gross income of the household.
- (B) A households with a gross income that is less than or equal to 50 percent of the poverty line shall receive the maximum monthly rebate.
- (C) A household with a gross income that is greater than 50 percent of the poverty line and less than or equal to 130 percent of the poverty line shall receive monthly rebates in amounts established in accordance with such

1	schedule as shall be determined by the Sec-
2	retary, provided that—
3	(i) for each household size, the sched-
4	ule provides that the amount of the month-
5	ly rebate shall be reduced for each dollar
6	that gross income of a household exceeds
7	50 percent of the poverty line (referred to
8	in this clause as the "phase down rate");
9	(ii) the phase down rate is equal to
10	the quotient obtained by dividing—
11	(I) the maximum monthly rebate
12	amount; by
13	(II) the difference between 130
14	percent of the poverty line and 50
15	percent of the poverty line calculated
16	on a monthly basis for each household
17	size;
18	(iii) the Secretary establishes a meth-
19	odology for use in establishing the phase
20	down rate for households of 5 or more in-
21	dividuals.
22	(D) A household with a gross income that
23	is greater than 130 percent of the poverty line
24	shall not be eligible for a monthly rebate under
25	this paragraph.

1	(4) Special rule for certain house-
2	HOLDS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (3), house-
3	holds with 1 or 2 members that include at least one
4	elderly or disabled member shall receive the max-
5	imum monthly rebate for the size of their household.
6	(e) Delivery Mechanism.—
7	(1) Subject to standards and an implementation
8	schedule set by the Secretary, the state agency shall
9	provide the rebate in monthly installments via the
10	State's Electronic Benefit Transfer System or direct
11	deposit into the eligible households designated bank
12	account.
13	(2) Such standards shall include—
14	(A) Defining the required level of recipient
15	protection regarding privacy, ease of use and
16	access to the rebate, including the prohibition of
17	fees changed to recipients for withdrawals; and
18	(B) Operating standards that provide for
19	interoperability between states and law enforce-
20	ment monitoring.
21	(f) Administration.—
22	(1) In General.—The State agency of each
23	participating State shall assume responsibility for
24	the certification of applicant households and for the

1	issuance of rebates and the control and account-
2	ability thereof.
3	(2) Administrative costs.—
4	(A) Subject to standards established by the
5	Secretary, the Secretary is authorized to reim-
6	burse each State agency for a portion, as de-
7	scribed in (B) and (C) of the administrative
8	costs involved in each agency's operation of the
9	Climate Change Rebate Program.
10	(B) For the first three years of the Cli-
11	mate Change Rebate Program, the State agen-
12	cy will be reimbursed for:
13	(i) 75 percent of the administrative
14	costs of determining eligibility for and de-
15	livering the climate rebate; and
16	(ii) 90 percent of any automated data
17	processing improvements or Electronic
18	Benefit Transfer contract amendments
19	necessary to provide the Climate Change
20	Rebate.
21	(C) Beginning in the fourth year of this
22	program, states will be reimbursed for 50 per-
23	cent of all administrative costs of the rebate.
24	(g) TREATMENT.—The value of the rebate provided
25	under this Act shall not be considered income or resources

- 1 for any purpose under any Federal, State, or local laws,
- 2 including, but not limited to, laws relating to an income
- 3 tax, public assistance programs (such as health care, cash
- 4 aid, child care, nutrition programs, and housing assist-
- 5 ance) and no participating State or political subdivision
- 6 thereof shall decrease any assistance otherwise provided
- 7 an individual or individuals because of the receipt of bene-
- 8 fits under this Act.

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## (h) Definitions.—

- 10 (1) ELDERLY OR DISABLED MEMBER.—The
  11 term "elderly or disabled member" includes individ12 uals who meet the definition of the term in section
  13 3 of the Food Stamp Act (7 U.S.C. 2012) or receive
  14 benefits under Section 1860(D)–14 of the Social Se15 curity Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w–114).
  - (2) ELECTRONIC BENEFIT TRANSFER.—The term "electronic benefit transfer" means a system by which household benefits defined under subsection (d) are issued from and stored in a central databank via electronic benefit transfer cards.
  - (3) GROSS INCOME.—The term "gross income" means the gross income of a household that is determined in accordance with standards and procedures established under section 5 of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014).

1	(4) Household.—
2	(A) In general.—The term "household"
3	means an individual who lives alone or a group
4	of individuals who live together.
5	(B) Exceptions.—Notwithstanding sub-
6	paragraph (A)—
7	(i) an individual or a group of individ-
8	uals who are a household under the Food
9	Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2012) shall
10	be considered a household;
11	(ii) a single individual or married cou-
12	ple that receive benefits under section
13	1860D–14 of the Social Security Act (42
14	U.S.C. 1395w-114) shall be considered a
15	household;
16	(iii) notwithstanding subsection
17	(b)(5)(b), the Secretary shall establish
18	rules for providing the Climate Change Re-
19	bate in an equitable and administratively
20	simple manner to "mixed households"
21	where the group of individuals who live to-
22	gether includes a combination of members
23	described in clause (i) and clause (ii), or
24	includes additional members not described
25	in clause (i) or clause (ii).

- 1 (5) POVERTY LINE.—The term "poverty line"
  2 has the meaning given the term in section 673(2) of
  3 the Community Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C.
- 4 9902(2)), including any revision required by that section.
- 6 (6) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
  7 the Secretary of the Treasury, or his designee.
  - (7) STATE.—The term "State" means the fifty States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
- 13 (8) STATE AGENCY.—The term "State agency" 14 means an agency of State government, including the 15 local offices thereof, that has responsibility for ad-16 ministration of the 1 or more federally aided public 17 assistance programs within the State, and in those 18 States where such assistance programs are operated 19 on a decentralized basis, the term shall include the 20 counterpart local agencies administering such pro-21 grams.

## 22 SEC. 313. HEALTHY FAMILIES FUND.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Amounts made available for the 24 healthy families fund shall be used only to carry out a 25 program which is established by subsequent legislation to

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1	assist households with the costs of obtaining and main
2	taining healthcare coverage and which is consistent with
3	the principles described in subsection (b).
4	(b) Principles of Healthy Families Fund.—A
5	program shall be treated as described in this section only
6	if such program is consistent with the following principles
7	(1) Advances comprehensive, high quality, af
8	fordable healthcare coverage for all.
9	(2) Ensures premiums, deductibles, and out-of
10	pocket costs are affordable relative to family income
11	with protection from catastrophic medical costs and
12	bankruptcy.
13	(3) Recognizes the shared responsibility of Fed
14	eral and State governments, households, and em
15	ployers to contribute toward fair and adequate fi
16	nancing of health insurance for all.
17	(4) Promotes stability and equity in healthcare
18	coverage.
19	(5) Places a high value on effective, evidence
20	based care, and reduces over-utilization, duplication
21	and waste.
22	PART 2—INVESTMENT IN NATURAL RESOURCE
23	ADAPTATION
24	SEC. 321. DEFINITIONS.
25	In this part:

1	(1) Ecological process.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "ecological
3	process" means a biological, chemical, or phys-
4	ical interaction between the biotic and abiotic
5	components of an ecosystem.
6	(B) Inclusions.—The term "ecological
7	process" includes—
8	(i) nutrient cycling;
9	(ii) pollination;
10	(iii) predator-prey relationships;
11	(iv) soil formation;
12	(v) gene flow;
13	(vi) larval dispersal and settlement;
14	(vii) hydrological cycling;
15	(viii) decomposition; and
16	(ix) disturbance regimes, such as fire
17	and flooding.
18	(2) FISH AND WILDLIFE.—The term "fish and
19	wildlife" means—
20	(A) any species of wild fauna, including
21	fish and other aquatic species; and
22	(B) any fauna in a captive breeding pro-
23	gram the object of which is to reintroduce indi-
24	viduals of a depleted indigenous species into
25	previously occupied range.

1	(3) Habitat.—The term "habitat" means the
2	physical, chemical, and biological properties that are
3	used by wildlife (including aquatic and terrestrial
4	plant communities) for growth, reproduction, and
5	survival, food, water, cover, and space, on a tract of
6	land, in a body of water, or in an area or region.
7	(4) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
8	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
9	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
10	Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
11	(5) Plant.—The term "plant" means any spe-
12	cies of wild flora.
13	(6) State.—The term "State" means—
14	(A) a State;
15	(B) the District of Columbia;
16	(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
17	and
18	(D) any other territory or possession of the
19	United States.
20	SEC. 322. ADAPTATION FUND.
21	(a) Availability of Amounts.—All amounts de-
22	posited in the Investment in Natural Resource Adaptation
23	Account established by section 9512 of the Internal Rev-
24	enue Code of 1986 shall be available to carry out activities
25	(including research and education activities) that assist

1	fish and wildlife, fish and wildlife habitat, plants, and as-
2	sociated ecological processes in becoming more resilient,
3	adapting to, and surviving the impacts of climate change
4	and ocean acidification (referred to in this section as "ad-
5	aptation activities") pursuant to this section.
6	(b) DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.—Of the
7	amounts made available annually to carry out this sub-
8	section—
9	(1) 35 percent shall be allocated to the Sec-
10	retary of the Interior, and subsequently made avail-
11	able to States through the Wildlife Conservation and
12	Restoration Account established under section
13	3(a)(2) of the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restora-
14	tion Act (16 U.S.C. 669b(a)(2)) to carry out adapta-
15	tion activities in accordance with comprehensive
16	State adaptation strategies, as described in sub-
17	section (j);
18	(2) 19 percent shall be allocated to the Sec-
19	retary of the Interior for use in funding adaptation
20	activities carried out—
21	(A) under endangered species, migratory
22	bird, and other fish and wildlife programs ad-
23	ministered by the United States Fish and Wild-

life Service;

1	(B) on wildlife refuges and other public
2	land under the jurisdiction of the United States
3	Fish and Wildlife Service, the Bureau of Land
4	Management, or the National Park Service; or
5	(C) within Federal water managed by the
6	Bureau of Reclamation;
7	(3) 5 percent shall be allocated to the Secretary
8	of the Interior for adaptation activities carried out
9	under cooperative grant programs, including—
10	(A) the cooperative endangered species
11	conservation fund authorized under section 6(i)
12	of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
13	U.S.C. 1535(i));
14	(B) programs under the North American
15	Wetlands Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 4401 et
16	seq.);
17	(C) the multinational species conservation
18	fund established under the heading "MULTI-
19	NATIONAL SPECIES CONSERVATION FUND" of
20	title I of the Department of the Interior and
21	Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (16
22	U.S.C. 4246);
23	(D) the Neotropical Migratory Bird Con-
24	servation Fund established by section 9(a) of

1	the Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation
2	Act (16 U.S.C. 6108(a));
3	(E) the Coastal Program of the United
4	States Fish and Wildlife Service;
5	(F) the National Fish Habitat Action
6	Plan;
7	(G) the Partners for Fish and Wildlife
8	Program;
9	(H) the Landowner Incentive Program;
10	(I) the Wildlife Without Borders Program
11	of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service;
12	and
13	(J) the Park Flight Migratory Bird Pro-
14	gram of the National Park Service; and
15	(4) 1 percent shall be allocated to the Secretary
16	of the Interior and subsequently made available to
17	Indian tribes to carry out adaptation activities
18	through the tribal wildlife grants program of the
19	United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
20	(c) Land and Water Conservation Fund.—
21	(1) Deposits.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—Of the amounts made
23	available for each fiscal year to carry out this
24	subsection, 10 percent shall be deposited into
25	the Land and Water Conservation Fund estab-

1	lished under section 2 of the Land and Water
2	Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
3	460l-5).
4	(B) Deposits to the Land and Water Con-
5	servation Fund under this subsection shall be
6	available without further appropriation or fiscal
7	year limitation and shall be supplemental to au-
8	thorizations provided under section 3 of the
9	Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of
10	1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-6) which shall remain
11	available for non-adaptation needs.
12	(2) Allocations.—Of the amounts deposited
13	under this subsection into the Land and Water Con-
14	servation Fund—
15	(A) ½ shall be allocated to the Secretary
16	of the Interior and made available on a com-
17	petitive basis to carry out adaptation activities
18	through the acquisition of land and interests in
19	land under section 6 of the Land and Water
20	Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
21	460l-8)—
22	(i) to States in accordance with com-
23	prehensive wildlife conservation strategies
24	and Indian tribes;

1	(ii) notwithstanding section 5 of that
2	Act (16 U.S.C. 460l-7); and
3	(iii) in addition to grants provided
4	pursuant to—
5	(I) annual appropriations Acts;
6	(II) the Energy Policy Act of
7	2005 (42  U.S.C.  15801  et seq.);  or
8	(III) any other authorization for
9	nonadaptation needs;
10	(B) 1/3 shall be allocated to the Secretary
11	of the Interior to carry out adaptation activities
12	through the acquisition of lands and interests in
13	land under section 7 of the Land and Water
14	Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
15	460l-9);
16	(C) 1/6 shall be allocated to the Secretary
17	of Agriculture and made available to the States
18	to carry out adaptation activities through the
19	acquisition of land and interests in land under
20	section 7 of the Forest Legacy Program under
21	the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of
22	1978 (16 U.S.C. 2103c); and
23	(D) 1/3 shall be allocated to the Secretary
24	of Agriculture to carry out adaptation activities
25	through the acquisition of land and interests in

1	land under section 7 of the Land and Water
2	Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
3	460l-9).
4	(3) Expenditure of funds.—In allocating
5	funds under subsection (c), the Secretary of the In-
6	terior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall take
7	into consideration factors including—
8	(A) the availability of non-Federal con-
9	tributions from State, local, or private sources;
10	(B) opportunities to protect wildlife cor-
11	ridors or otherwise to link or consolidate frag-
12	mented habitats;
13	(C) opportunities to reduce the risk of cat-
14	astrophic wildfires, extreme flooding, or other
15	climate-related events that are harmful to fish
16	and wildlife and people;
17	(D) the potential for conservation of spe-
18	cies or habitat types at serious risk due to cli-
19	mate change, ocean acidification, and other
20	stressors; and
21	(E) the potential to provide enhanced ac-
22	cess to land and water for fishing, hunting, and
23	other public recreational uses.
24	(d) Forest Service.—Of the amounts made avail-
25	able annually to carry out this section, 5 percent shall be

- 1 allocated to the Secretary of Agriculture for use in funding
- 2 adaptation activities carried out on national forests and
- 3 national grasslands under the jurisdiction of the Forest
- 4 Service, or pursuant to the cooperative Wings Across the
- 5 Americas Program.
- 6 (e) Environmental Protection Agency.—Of the
- 7 amounts made available annually to carry out this section,
- 8 5 percent shall be allocated to the Administrator of the
- 9 Environmental Protection Agency for use in adaptation
- 10 activities restoring and protecting—
- 11 (1) large-scale freshwater aquatic ecosystems,
- such as the Everglades, the Great Lakes, Flathead
- Lake, the Missouri River, the Mississippi River, the
- 14 Colorado River, the Sacramento-San Joaquin Rivers,
- the Ohio River, the Columbia-Snake River System,
- the Apalachicola, Chattahoochee and Flint River
- 17 System, the Connecticut River, and the Yellowstone
- 18 River;
- 19 (2) large-scale estuarine ecosystems, such as
- 20 Chesapeake Bay, Long Island Sound, Puget Sound,
- 21 the Mississippi River Delta, San Francisco Bay
- 22 Delta, Narragansett Bay, and Albemarle-Pamlico
- Sound; and
- 24 (3) freshwater and estuarine ecosystems, water-
- sheds, and basins identified as priorities by the Ad-

- 1 ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency,
- 2 working in cooperation with other Federal agencies,
- 3 States, local governments, scientists, and other con-
- 4 servation partners.
- 5 (f) Corps of Engineers.—Of the amounts made
- 6 available annually to carry out this section, 10 percent
- 7 shall be allocated to the Secretary of the Army for use
- 8 by the Corps of Engineers to carry out adaptation activi-
- 9 ties restoring—
- 10 (1) large-scale freshwater aquatic ecosystems,
- such as the ecosystems described in subsection
- 12 (e)(1);
- 13 (2) large-scale estuarine ecosystems, such as
- the ecosystems described in subsection (e)(2);
- 15 (3) freshwater and estuarine ecosystems, water-
- sheds, and basins identified as priorities by the
- 17 Corps of Engineers, working in cooperation with
- other Federal agencies, States, local governments,
- scientists, and other conservation partners; and
- 20 (4) habitats or ecosystems under programs such
- as the Estuary Restoration Act of 2000 (33 U.S.C.
- 22 2901 et seq.), project modifications for improvement
- of the environment, and aquatic restoration under
- section 206 of the Water Resources Development
- 25 Act of 1996 (33 U.S.C. 2330).

1	(g) Department of Commerce.—Of the amounts
2	made available annually to carry out this section, 10 per-
3	cent shall be allocated to the Secretary of Commerce for
4	use in funding adaptation activities to protect, maintain,
5	and restore coastal, estuarine, and marine resources, habi-
6	tats, and ecosystems, including such activities carried out
7	under—
8	(1) the coastal and estuarine land conservation
9	program;
10	(2) the community-based restoration program;
11	(3) the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972
12	(16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), subject to the condition
13	that State coastal agencies shall incorporate, and the
14	Secretary of Commerce shall approve, coastal zone
15	management plan elements that are—
16	(A) consistent with the national adaptation
17	strategy under subsection (i), as part of a
18	coastal zone management program established
19	under this Act; and
20	(B) specifically designed to strengthen the
21	ability of coastal, estuarine, and marine re-
22	sources, habitats, and ecosystems to adapt to
23	and withstand the impacts of—
24	(i) global warming; and

1	(ii) where practicable, ocean acidifica-
2	tion;
3	(4) the Open Rivers Initiative;
4	(5) the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and
5	Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.);
6	(6) the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972
7	(16 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.);
8	(7) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
9	U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
10	(8) the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanc-
11	tuaries Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.); and
12	(9) the Coral Reef Conservation Act of 2000
13	(16 U.S.C. 6401 et seq.).
14	(h) Cost Sharing.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
15	vision of law, a State or Indian tribe that receives a grant
16	under paragraph (1) or (4) of subsection (b) shall provide
17	10 percent of the costs of each activity carried out using
18	amounts under the grant.
19	(i) NATIONAL ADAPTATION STRATEGY.—
20	(1) In general.—Effective beginning on the
21	date on which the President establishes the national
22	strategy under paragraph (3), funds made available
23	under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of subsection (b)
24	and subsections (c) through (g) shall be used only

for adaptation activities that are consistent with the national strategy.

(2) Initial Period.—Until the date on which the President establishes the national strategy under paragraph (3), funds made available under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of subsection (b) and subsections (c) through (g) shall be used only for adaptation activities that are consistent with a workplan established by the President.

## (3) National Strategy.—

- (A) In General.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and implement a national strategy for assisting fish and wildlife, fish and wildlife habitat, plants, and associated ecological processes in becoming more resilient and adapting to the impacts of climate change and ocean acidification.
- (B) Administration.—In establishing and revising the national strategy, the President shall—
  - (i) base the national strategy on the best available science, as identified by the Science Advisory Board established under subparagraph (D);

1	(ii) develop the national strategy in
2	cooperation with State fish and wildlife
3	agencies, State coastal agencies, United
4	States territories, and Indian tribes;
5	(iii) coordinate with the Secretary of
6	the Interior, the Secretary of Commerce,
7	the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary
8	of Defense, the Administrator of the Envi-
9	ronmental Protection Agency, and other
10	agencies as appropriate;
11	(iv) consult with local governments,
12	conservation organizations, scientists, and
13	other interested stakeholders; and
14	(v) provide public notice and oppor-
15	tunity for comment.
16	(C) Contents.—The President shall in-
17	clude in the national strategy, at a minimum,
18	prioritized goals and measures and a schedule
19	for implementation—
20	(i) to identify and monitor fish and
21	wildlife, fish and wildlife habitat, plants,
22	and associated ecological processes that are
23	particularly likely to be adversely affected
24	by climate change and ocean acidification

1	and have the greatest need for conserva-
2	tion;
3	(ii) to identify and monitor coastal,
4	estuarine, marine, terrestrial, and fresh-
5	water habitats that are at the greatest risk
6	of being damaged by climate change and
7	ocean acidification;
8	(iii) to assist species in adapting to
9	the impacts of climate change and ocean
10	acidification;
11	(iv) to protect, acquire, maintain, and
12	restore fish and wildlife habitat to build re-
13	silience to climate change and ocean acidi-
14	fication;
15	(v) to provide habitat linkages and
16	corridors to facilitate fish, wildlife, and
17	plant movement in response to climate
18	change and ocean acidification;
19	(vi) to restore and protect ecological
20	processes that sustain fish, wildlife, and
21	plant populations that are vulnerable to cli-
22	mate change and ocean acidification;
23	(vii) to protect, maintain, and restore
24	coastal, marine, and aquatic ecosystems so
25	that the ecosystems are more resilient and

1	better able to withstand the additional
2	stresses associated with climate change, in-
3	cluding relative sea level rise and ocean
4	acidification;
5	(viii) to protect ocean and coastal spe-
6	cies from the impact of climate change and
7	ocean acidification;
8	(ix) to incorporate adaptation strate-
9	gies and activities to address relative sea
10	level rise in coastal zone planning;
11	(x) to protect, maintain, and restore
12	ocean and coastal habitats to build healthy
13	and resilient ecosystems, including the pur-
14	chase of coastal and island land; and
15	(xi) to incorporate consideration of cli-
16	mate change and ocean acidification, and
17	to integrate adaptation strategies and ac-
18	tivities for fish and wildlife, fish and wild-
19	life habitat, plants, and associated ecologi-
20	cal processes, in the planning and manage-
21	ment of Federal land and water adminis-
22	tered by the Federal agencies that receive
23	funding under this section.
24	(D) Science advisory board.—

1	(i) Establishment.—Not later than
2	180 days after the date of enactment of
3	this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall
4	establish and appoint the members of a
5	science advisory board, to be comprised of
6	not fewer than 10 and not more than 20
7	members, who shall—
8	(I) be recommended by the Presi-
9	dent of the National Academy of
10	Sciences;
11	(II) have expertise in fish, wild-
12	life, plant, aquatic, and coastal and
13	marine biology, ecology, climate
14	change, ocean acidification, and other
15	relevant scientific disciplines; and
16	(III) represent a balanced mem-
17	bership between Federal, State, and
18	local representatives, universities, and
19	conservation organizations.
20	(ii) Duties.—The science advisory
21	board shall—
22	(I) advise the President and rel-
23	evant Federal agencies and depart-
24	ments on—

1	(aa) the best available
2	science regarding the impacts of
3	climate change and ocean acidifi-
4	cation on fish and wildlife, habi-
5	tat, plants, and associated eco-
6	logical processes; and
7	(bb) scientific strategies and
8	mechanisms for adaptation; and
9	(II) identify and recommend pri-
10	orities for ongoing research needs on
11	those issues.
12	(iii) Collaboration.—The science
13	advisory board shall collaborate with other
14	climate change and ecosystem research en-
15	tities in other Federal agencies and depart-
16	ments.
17	(iv) AVAILABILITY TO PUBLIC.—The
18	advice and recommendations of the science
19	advisory board shall be made available to
20	the public.
21	(v) Nonapplicability of faca.—
22	The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
23	U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the science
24	advisory board.

1	(E) Coordination with other plans.—
2	In developing the national strategy, the Presi-
3	dent shall, to the maximum extent prac-
4	ticable—
5	(i) take into consideration research
6	and information contained in—
7	(I) State comprehensive wildlife
8	conservation plans;
9	(II) the North American water-
10	fowl management plan;
11	(III) the national fish habitat ac-
12	tion plan;
13	(IV) coastal zone management
14	plans;
15	(V) the reports of the Pew
16	Oceans Commission and the United
17	States Commission on Ocean Policy;
18	and
19	(VI) other relevant plans; and
20	(ii) coordinate and integrate the goals
21	and measures identified in the national
22	strategy with the goals and measures iden-
23	tified in those plans.
24	(F) REVISIONS.—Not later than 5 years
25	after the date on which the strategy is devel-

1	oped, and not less frequently than every 5 years
2	thereafter, the President shall review and up-
3	date the national strategy using the procedures
4	described in this paragraph.
5	(j) State Comprehensive Adaptation Strate-
6	GIES.—
7	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
8	graph (2), funds made available to States under this
9	part shall be used only for activities that are con-
10	sistent with a State strategy that has been approved
11	by—
12	(A) the Secretary of the Interior; and
13	(B) for any State with a coastal zone
14	(within the meaning of the Coastal Zone Man-
15	agement Act (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.)), by the
16	Secretary of Commerce, subject to the condition
17	that approval by the Secretary of Commerce
18	shall be required only for those portions of the
19	strategy relating to activities affecting the
20	coastal zone.
21	(2) Initial period.—
22	(A) In general.—Until the earlier of the
23	date that is 3 years after the date of enactment
24	of this Act or the date on which a State re-
25	ceives approval for the State strategy, a State

1	shall be eligible to receive funding under sub-
2	section (b)(1) for adaptation activities that
3	are—
4	(i) consistent with the comprehensive
5	wildlife strategy of the State and, where
6	appropriate, other fish, wildlife and con-
7	servation strategies; and
8	(ii) in accordance with a workplan de-
9	veloped in coordination with—
10	(I) the Secretary of the Interior;
11	and
12	(II) for any State with a coastal
13	zone (within the meaning of the
14	Coastal Zone Management Act (16
15	U.S.C. 1451 et seq.)), by the Sec-
16	retary of Commerce, subject to the
17	condition that coordination with the
18	Secretary of Commerce shall be re-
19	quired only for those portions of the
20	strategy relating to activities affecting
21	the coastal zone.
22	(B) Pending approval.—During the pe-
23	riod for which approval by the applicable Sec-
24	retary of a State strategy described in para-
25	graph (3) is pending, the State may continue

1	receiving funds under subsection (b)(1) pursu-
2	ant to the workplan described subparagraph
3	(A)(ii).
4	(3) Requirements.—A State strategy shall—
5	(A) describe the impacts of climate change
6	and ocean acidification on the diversity and
7	health of the fish, wildlife and plant popu-
8	lations, habitats, and associated ecological proc-
9	esses;
10	(B) describe and prioritize proposed con-
11	servation actions to assist fish, wildlife, and
12	plant populations in adapting to those impacts;
13	(C) establish programs for monitoring the
14	impacts of climate change on fish, wildlife, and
15	plant populations, habitats, and associated eco-
16	logical processes;
17	(D) include strategies, specific conservation
18	actions, and a timeframe for implementing con-
19	servation actions for fish, wildlife, and plant
20	populations, habitats, and associated ecological
21	processes;
22	(E) establish methods for assessing the ef-
23	fectiveness of conservation actions taken to as-
24	sist fish, wildlife, and plant populations, habi-
25	tats, and associated ecological processes in

1	adapting to those impacts and for updating
2	those actions to respond appropriately to new
3	information or changing conditions;
4	(F) be developed—
5	(i) with the participation of the State
6	fish and wildlife agency, the State agency
7	responsible for administration of Land and
8	Water Conservation Fund grants, the
9	State Forest Legacy program coordinator,
10	and the State coastal agency; and
11	(ii) in coordination with the Secretary
12	of the Interior and, where applicable, the
13	Secretary of Commerce;
14	(G) provide for solicitation and consider-
15	ation of public and independent scientific input;
16	(H) take into consideration research and
17	information contained in, and coordinate with
18	and integrate the goals and measures identified
19	in, as appropriate, other fish, wildlife, and habi-
20	tat conservation strategies, including—
21	(i) the national fish habitat action
22	plan;
23	(ii) plans under the North American
24	Wetlands Conservation Act (16 U.S.C.
25	4401 et seq.);

1	(iii) the Federal, State, and local part-
2	nership known as "Partners in Flight";
3	(iv) federally approved coastal zone
4	management plans under the Coastal Zone
5	Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451
6	et seq.);
7	(v) federally approved regional fishery
8	management plans and habitat conserva-
9	tion activities under the Magnuson Fishery
10	Conservation and Management Act (16
11	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.);
12	(vi) the national coral reef action
13	plan;
14	(vii) recovery plans for threatened
15	species and endangered species under sec-
16	tion 4(f) of the Endangered Species Act of
17	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1533(f));
18	(viii) habitat conservation plans under
19	section 10 of that Act (16 U.S.C. 1539);
20	(ix) other Federal and State plans for
21	imperiled species;
22	(x) the United States shorebird con-
23	servation plan;
24	(xi) the North American waterbird
25	conservation plan; and

1	(xii) other State-based strategies that
2	comprehensively implement adaptation ac-
3	tivities to remediate the effects of climate
4	change and ocean acidification on fish,
5	wildlife, and habitats; and
6	(I) be incorporated into a revision of the
7	comprehensive wildlife conservation strategy of
8	a State—
9	(i) that has been submitted to the
10	United States Fish and Wildlife Service;
11	and
12	(ii)(I) that has been approved by the
13	Service; or
14	(II) on which a decision on approval is
15	pending.
16	(4) UPDATING.—Each State strategy described
17	in paragraph (3) shall be updated at least every 5
18	years.
19	PART 3—EARLY ACTION
20	SEC. 331. EARLY ACTION.
21	(a) In General.—Annually, the Secretary of the
22	Treasury shall distribute the balance of the Early Action
23	Account established under section 9512 to owners or oper-
24	ators of covered facilities and other facilities that emit
25	greenhouse gas in accordance with the procedures and

- 1 standards in subsection (b), in recognition of actions of
- 2 the owners and operators taken since January 1, 1994,
- 3 that resulted in verified and credible reductions of green-
- 4 house gas emissions.
- 5 (b) REGULATIONS.—(b) Not later than 1 year after
- 6 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of
- 7 the Environmental Protection Agency shall establish by
- 8 regulation, procedures and standards for use in distrib-
- 9 uting to owners and operators of covered facilities and
- 10 other facilities that emit greenhouse gas, amounts in the
- 11 Early Action Account.
- 12 (c) Procedures and Standards.—The procedures
- 13 and standards established under subsection (b) shall pro-
- 14 vide for consideration of verified and credible emission re-
- 15 ductions registered before the date of enactment of this
- 16 Act under—
- 17 (1) the Climate Leaders Program, or any other
- voluntary greenhouse gas reduction program of the
- 19 United States Environmental Protection Agency and
- the United States Department of Energy;
- 21 (2) the Voluntary Reporting of Greenhouse
- Gases Program of the Energy Information Adminis-
- 23 tration;
- 24 (3) State or regional greenhouse gas emission
- 25 reduction programs that include systems for track-

1	ing and verifying the greenhouse gas emission reduc-
2	tions; and
3	(4) voluntary entity programs that resulted in
4	entity-wide reductions (including offsetting load
5	growth) in greenhouse gas emissions.
6	(d) Eligible Actions.—Activities for which early
7	action credit may be awarded may include, but are not
8	limited to—
9	(1) avoided greenhouse gas emissions from pro-
10	grams that reduce load growth, including: —
11	(A) energy efficiency;
12	(B) demand side management; and
13	(C) zero-emissions energy resources, in-
14	cluding renewable energy, and
15	(2) purchases of voluntary carbon offsets that
16	result in measurable, verifiable, additional, and en-
17	forceable greenhouse gas reductions (or increase in
18	sequestered greenhouse gas emissions) that are third
19	party certified and verified according to the third
20	party standard and registered with a tracking sys-
21	tem for certified offsets.
22	PART 4—STATE AND TRIBAL ACTION
23	SEC. 341. ALLOCATION FOR ENERGY SAVINGS.
24	(a) Allocation for Building Efficiency.—Not
25	later than January 1, 2012, and annually thereafter

1	through January 1, 2050, the Secretary of the Treasury
2	shall allocate 6 percent of the balance of the State and
3	Tribal Action Account among States that are in compli-
4	ance with section 304(c) of the Energy Conservation and
5	Production Act.
6	(b) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 2 years after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treas-
8	ury shall establish procedures and standards for the dis-
9	tribution of amounts to States in accordance with sub-
10	sections (a) and (b).
11	SEC. 342. ALLOCATION FOR STATES WITH PROGRAMS THAT
10	EXCEED FEDERAL EMISSION REDUCTION
12	
13	TARGETS.
13	TARGETS.
13 14	TARGETS.  (a) Allocation.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and
13 14 15	TARGETS.  (a) Allocation.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through calendar year 2049, the Sec-
13 14 15 16	TARGETS.  (a) ALLOCATION.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through calendar year 2049, the Secretary of the Treasury shall allocate 25 percent of the bal-
13 14 15 16	TARGETS.  (a) ALLOCATION.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through calendar year 2049, the Secretary of the Treasury shall allocate 25 percent of the balance of the State and Tribal Action Account for the fol-
113 114 115 116 117	TARGETS.  (a) ALLOCATION.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through calendar year 2049, the Secretary of the Treasury shall allocate 25 percent of the balance of the State and Tribal Action Account for the following calendar year among States that have—
113 114 115 116 117 118 119	TARGETS.  (a) Allocation.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through calendar year 2049, the Secretary of the Treasury shall allocate 25 percent of the balance of the State and Tribal Action Account for the following calendar year among States that have—  (1) before the date of enactment of this Act, en-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	targets.  (a) Allocation.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through calendar year 2049, the Secretary of the Treasury shall allocate 25 percent of the balance of the State and Tribal Action Account for the following calendar year among States that have—  (1) before the date of enactment of this Act, enacted statewide greenhouse gas emission reduction
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	TARGETS.  (a) Allocation.—Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through calendar year 2049, the Secretary of the Treasury shall allocate 25 percent of the balance of the State and Tribal Action Account for the following calendar year among States that have—  (1) before the date of enactment of this Act, enacted statewide greenhouse gas emission reduction targets that are more stringent than the nationwide

section, imposed on covered facilities within the

- 1 States aggregate greenhouse gas emission limitations
- 2 more stringent than those imposed on covered facili-
- 3 ties under section 9911 of the Internal Revenue
- 4 Code of 1986.
- 5 (b) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than 2 years after the
- 6 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treas-
- 7 ury shall establish procedures and standards for use in
- 8 distributing funds among States in accordance with sub-
- 9 section (a).
- 10 (c) USE.—Any State receiving funds under this sec-
- 11 tion for a calendar year shall use not less than 90 percent
- 12 of such funds in 1 or more of the ways described in section
- 13 343(c)(1).
- 14 SEC. 343. GENERAL ALLOCATION.
- 15 (a) Allocation.—Subject to subsection (d)(3), not
- 16 later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter through
- 17 calendar year 2049, the Secretary of the Treasury shall
- 18 allocate 62 percent of the balance of the State and Tribal
- 19 Action Account for the following calendar year among
- 20 States.
- 21 (b) DISTRIBUTION.—The allowances available for al-
- 22 location to States under subsection (a) for a calendar year
- 23 shall be distributed as follows:
- 24 (1) For each calendar year, ½ of the amount
- available for allocation to States under subsection

1	(a) shall be distributed among individual States
2	based on the proportion that—
3	(A) the expenditures of a State for the
4	low-income home energy assistance program es-
5	tablished under the Low-Income Home Energy
6	Assistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621 et
7	seq.) for the preceding calendar year; bears to
8	(B) the expenditures of all States for that
9	program for the preceding calendar year.
10	(2) For each calendar year, ½ of the amount
11	available for allocation to States under subsection
12	(a) shall be distributed among the States based on
13	the proportion that—
14	(A) the population of a State, as deter-
15	mined by the most recent decennial census pre-
16	ceding the calendar year for which the alloca-
17	tion regulations are for the allocation year;
18	bears to
19	(B) the population of all States, as deter-
20	mined by that census.
21	(c) Use.—
22	(1) In general.—During any calendar year, a
23	State shall use in 1 or more of the following ways
24	not less than 90 percent of the amount allocated to
25	the State under this section for that calendar year:

1	(A) To address local or regional impacts of
2	climate change, including by accommodating,
3	protecting, or relocating affected communities
4	and public infrastructure.
5	(B) To collect, evaluate, disseminate, and
6	use information necessary for affected coastal
7	communities to adapt to climate change (such
8	as information derived from inundation pre-
9	diction systems).
10	(C) To address local or regional impacts of
11	climate change policy, including providing as-
12	sistance to displaced workers.
13	(D) To mitigate impacts on energy-inten-
14	sive industries in internationally competitive
15	markets.
16	(2) Use for recycling.—During any cal-
17	endar year, a State shall use not less than 5 percent
18	of the amounts allocated to the State under this sec-
19	tion for increasing recycling rates through activities
20	such as—
21	(A) improving recycling infrastructure;
22	(B) increasing public education on the ben-
23	efits of recycling, particularly with respect to
24	greenhouse gases;

1	(C) improving residential, commercial, and
2	industrial collection of recyclables;
3	(D) improving recycling system efficiency;
4	(E) increasing recycling yields; and
5	(F) improving the quality and usefulness
6	of recycled materials.
7	(3) Offset of increased energy costs.—
8	Any amount allocated to a State under this section
9	which is not used for a purpose described in para-
10	graph (1) shall be used to offset the increased en-
11	ergy costs incurred by the State in the performance
12	of governmental functions.
13	(d) Program for Tribal Communities.—
14	(1) Establishment.—Not later than 3 years
15	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
16	retary of the Interior shall by regulation establish a
17	program for Indian tribes that is designed to deliver
18	assistance to Indian tribes within the United States
19	that face disruption or dislocation as a result of
20	global climate change, utilizing the rulemaking proc-
21	ess identified under the Negotiated Rulemaking Act
22	(5 U.S.C. 657 et seq.).
23	(2) Allocation.—Beginning in the first cal-
24	endar year that begins after promulgation of the
25	regulations referred to in paragraph (1), and annu-

1	ally thereafter until calendar year 2050, the Sec-
2	retary of the Treasury shall allocate 7 percent of the
3	balance of the State and Tribal Action Account for
4	each calendar year to the program established under
5	paragraph (1).
6	PART 5—DOMESTIC AGRICULTURE AND
7	FORESTRY
8	SEC. 351. ALLOCATION.
9	The Secretary of Agriculture shall carry out a pro-
10	gram to—
11	(1) achieve real, verifiable, additional, perma-
12	nent, and enforceable reductions in greenhouse gas
13	emissions from the agriculture and forestry sectors
14	of the United States economy; and
15	(2) achieve real, verifiable, additional, perma-
16	nent, and enforceable increases in greenhouse gas
17	sequestration from those sectors.
18	SEC. 352. AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY GREENHOUSE
19	GAS MANAGEMENT RESEARCH.
20	(a) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
21	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture, in
22	consultation with scientific and agricultural and forestry
23	experts, shall prepare and submit to Congress a report
24	that describes the status of research on agricultural and

1	forestry greenhouse gas management, including a descrip-
2	tion of—
3	(1) research on soil carbon sequestration and
4	other agricultural and forestry greenhouse gas man-
5	agement that has been carried out;
6	(2) any additional research that is necessary;
7	(3) the proposed priority for additional re-
8	search;
9	(4) the most appropriate approaches for con-
10	ducting the additional research; and
11	(5) the extent to which and the manner in
12	which carbon credits that are specific to agricultural
13	and forestry operations, including harvested wood
14	products and the reduction of hazardous fuels to re-
15	duce the risk of uncharacteristically severe wildfires,
16	should be valued and allotted.
17	(b) STANDARDIZED SYSTEM OF SOIL CARBON MEAS-
18	UREMENT AND CERTIFICATION FOR THE AGRICULTURAL
19	AND FORESTRY SECTORS.—
20	(1) In general.—As soon as practicable after
21	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
22	Agriculture shall establish a standardized system of
23	carbon measurement and certification for the agri-
24	cultural and forestry sectors.

1	(2) Administration.—In establishing the sys-
2	tem, the Secretary of Agriculture shall—
3	(A) create a standardized system of meas-
4	urements for agricultural and forestry green-
5	house gases; and
6	(B) delineate the most appropriate system
7	of certification of credit by public or private en-
8	tities.
9	(c) Research.—After the date of submission of the
10	report described in paragraph (1), the President and the
11	Secretary of Agriculture (in collaboration with the member
12	institutions of higher education of the Consortium for Ag-
13	ricultural Soil Mitigation of Greenhouse Gases, institu-
14	tions of higher education, and research entities) shall ini-
15	tiate a program to conduct any additional research that
16	is necessary.
17	SEC. 353. DISTRIBUTION.
18	(a) In General.—Taking into account the report
19	prepared under section 352(a), the Secretary of Agri-
20	culture shall establish, by regulation, a program under
21	which amounts from the Domestic Agriculture and For-
22	estry Account established under section 9941 of the Inter-
23	nal Revenue Code of 1986 may be distributed to entities
24	that carry out projects on agricultural and forest land that

1	achieve real, verifiable, additional, permanent, and en-
2	forceable greenhouse gas emission mitigation benefits.
3	(b) NITROUS OXIDE AND METHANE.—The Secretary
4	of Agriculture shall ensure that, during any 5-year period,
5	the average annual percentage of amounts distributed to
6	entities under the program established under subsection
7	(a) specifically for achieving real, verifiable, additional,
8	permanent, and enforceable reductions in nitrous oxide
9	emissions through soil management or achieving real,
10	verifiable, additional, permanent, and enforceable reduc-
11	tions in methane emissions through enteric fermentation
12	and manure management shall be $0.5$ percent.
13	(c) Requirement.—The Secretary of Agriculture
14	shall make distributions under this section in a manner
15	that maximizes the avoidance or reduction of greenhouse
16	gas emissions.
17	PART 6—INTERNATIONAL FORESTRY
18	SEC. 361. FINDINGS.
19	Congress finds that—
20	(1) land-use change and forest sector emissions
21	account for approximately 20 percent of global
22	greenhouse gas emissions;
23	(2) land conversion and deforestation are 2 of
24	the largest sources of greenhouse gas emissions in
25	the developing world, amounting to roughly 40 per-

1	cent of the total greenhouse gas emissions of the de-
2	veloping world;
3	(3) with sufficient data, deforestation rates and
4	forest carbon stocks can be measured with an ac-
5	ceptable level of uncertainty;
6	(4) some countries are or will soon be ready to
7	make national-level commitments to reduce deforest-
8	ation and forest degradation and to engage in activi-
9	ties to achieve measurable results, while other coun-
10	tries will benefit from capacity building programs for
11	a few years in order to establish the necessary do-
12	mestic institutions and laws to achieve reductions;
13	and
14	(5) encouraging reduced deforestation and
15	other forest carbon activities in other countries
16	can—
17	(A) provide critical leverage to encourage
18	voluntary developing country participation in
19	emission limitation regimes;
20	(B) facilitate greater overall reductions in
21	greenhouse gas emissions than would otherwise
22	be practicable; and
23	(C) substantially benefit biodiversity, con-
24	servation and indigenous and other forest-de-
25	pendent people in developing countries.

1	SEC. 362. DEFINITION OF DEFORESTATION REDUCTION AC-
2	TIVITIES.
3	In this part, the term "deforestation reduction activi-
4	ties" means—
5	(1) activities directed at reducing greenhouse
6	gas emissions from deforestation and forest degrada-
7	tion in countries other than the United States; and
8	(2) activities directed at increasing sequestra-
9	tion of carbon through restoration of forests, and de-
10	graded land in countries other than the United
11	States that has not been forested prior to restora-
12	tion, afforestation and improved forest management,
13	that meet the eligibility requirements and quality
14	criteria promulgated under section 364.
15	SEC. 363. ALLOCATION.
16	Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter
17	through calendar year 2049, the Administrator of the En-
18	vironmental Protection Agency shall allocate and dis-
19	tribute the balance of the International Forestry Account
20	for the following calendar year for use in carrying out de-
21	forestation reduction activities in countries other than the
22	United States.
23	SEC. 364. QUALITY CRITERIA FOR DEFORESTATION REDUC-
24	TION ACTIVITIES.
25	Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
26	of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Pro-

1	tection Agency, in consultation with the Secretary of the
2	Interior, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Agri-
3	culture, shall promulgate quality criteria for deforestation
4	reduction activities directed at reducing emissions from
5	deforestation and forest degradation, and at sequestration
6	of carbon through restoration of forests and degraded
7	land, afforestation, and improved forest management in
8	countries other than the United States, including require-
9	ments that those activities be—
10	(1) designed, carried out, and managed –
11	(A) in accordance with widely-accepted en-
12	vironmentally sustainable forestry practices;
13	(B) to promote native species and restora-
14	tion of native forests, where practicable and to
15	avoid the introduction of invasive nonnative
16	species; and
17	(C) to promote fair compensation, public
18	participation, and the informed consent of af-
19	fected local communities and forest dependent
20	populations; and
21	(2) for not less than 50 percent of the funds
22	covered by this part, requirements that ensure that
23	the associated emission reductions or sequestrations
24	are real, permanent, additional, verifiable and en-

- 1 forceable, with reliable measuring and monitoring
- 2 and appropriate accounting for leakage.
- 3 SEC. 365. ELIGIBILITY FOR DEFORESTATION REDUCTION
- 4 ACTIVITIES.
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Envi-
- 6 ronmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the
- 7 Secretary of State, shall identify and periodically update
- 8 two lists of eligible countries for allocation and distribu-
- 9 tion of the International Forestry Account, based on their
- 10 level of development of domestic programs to implement
- 11 deforestation reduction activities, one identified as Phase
- 12 I and the other as Phase II.
- 13 (b) Phase I Countries.—The Phase I list, eligible
- 14 for up to 50 percent of the funds covered by this part,
- 15 shall include countries that have demonstrated a commit-
- 16 ment to conduct preparatory activities, which shall be
- 17 identified in regulations promulgated by the Administrator
- 18 of the Environmental Protection Agency, which are essen-
- 19 tial for building the capacity of the country to engage in
- 20 deforestation or forest degradation reduction activities as
- 21 described in section 362 and subsection (c), including
- 22 project-level and institution building activities.
- 23 (c) Phase II Countries.—The Phase II list, eligible
- 24 for not less than 50 percent of the funds covered by this
- 25 part, shall be limited to countries that have—

- 1 (1) demonstrated the capacity to measure the
  2 results of international deforestation reduction ac3 tivities, based on sufficient, accurate and verifiable
  4 historical data on changes in national forest carbon
  5 stocks, and also demonstrated the institutional ca6 pacity to reduce emissions from deforestation and
  7 degradation;
  - (2) capped greenhouse gas emissions from deforestation or other land use change or otherwise established a national emission reference scenario based on historical data;
  - (3) commenced an emission reduction program for the forest sector;
  - (4) achieved national-level reductions of deforestation and degradation below a baseline or credible reference scenario, taking into account the average annual deforestation and degradation rates of the country during a period of at least 5 consecutive years; and
  - (5) demonstrated those reductions using remote sensing technology, taking into account relevant international standards.
- 23 (d) The Administrator of the Environmental Protec-24 tion Agency is encouraged to identify other incentives, in-25 cluding economic and market-based incentives, to encour-

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- 1 age developing countries with largely intact native forests
- 2 to protect those forests.
- 3 (e) No country may be eligible for both capacity
- 4 building funds under subsection (b) and participation in
- 5 an agreement for international forest carbon activities
- 6 under section 114 of the Climate MATTERS Act of 2008.

# 7 SEC. 366. REVIEWS AND DISCOUNT.

- 8 (a) Reviews.—Not later than 3 years after the date
- 9 of enactment of this Act, and 5 years thereafter, the Ad-
- 10 ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall
- 11 conduct a review of the program under this part.
- 12 (b) DISCOUNT.—If, after the date that is 10 years
- 13 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
- 14 of the Environmental Protection Agency determines that
- 15 foreign countries that, in the aggregate, generate green-
- 16 house gas emissions accounting for more than 0.5 percent
- 17 of global greenhouse gas emissions have not capped those
- 18 emissions, established emissions reference scenarios based
- 19 on historical data, or otherwise reduced total forest emis-
- 20 sions, such Administrator may apply a discount to dis-
- 21 tributions of funds to those countries under this part.

1	PART 7—ENERGY EFFICIENCY
2	SEC. 371. ALLOCATION.
3	Not later than April 1, 2011, and annually thereafter
4	through calendar year 2049, the Secretary of the Treasury
5	shall allocate—
6	(1) 39 percent of the balance of the Energy Ef-
7	ficiency Account established under section 9512 of
8	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for the following
9	year to States that can demonstrate they have estab-
10	lished a program that will reduce electricity and nat-
11	ural gas demand in the state by 2 percent each year,
12	(2) 39 percent of the balance of the balance of
13	such Energy Efficiency Account for the following
14	year among load-serving entities,
15	(3) 10 percent of the balance of such Energy
16	Efficiency Account for the following year to carry
17	out the low-income home energy assistance program
18	established under the Low Income Home Energy As-
19	sistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621 et seq.),
20	(4) 2 percent of the balance of such Energy Ef-
21	ficiency Account for the following year to carry out
22	the Weatherization Assistance Program for Low-In-
23	come Persons established under part A of title IV of
24	the Energy Conservation and Production Act (42

U.S.C. 6861 et seq.), and

Efficiency Account for the balance of such Energy
Efficiency Account for the following year to carry
out activities that directly increase the energy efficiency in units assisted under the HOME Investment Partnerships Program established under title
II of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable
Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12721 et seq.).

### 8 SEC. 372. DISTRIBUTION.

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- 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—For each calendar year, the funds
  10 allocated under section 371 to load-serving entities shall
  11 be distributed by the Secretary of the Treasury to each
  12 load-serving entity, including each rural electric coopera13 tive that serves as a load-serving entity in a State, based
  14 on the proportion that—
  - (1) the quantity of electricity delivered by the load-serving entity during the 3 calendar years preceding the calendar year for which the funds are distributed, adjusted upward for electricity not delivered as a result of consumer energy-efficiency programs implemented by the load-serving entity and verified by the regulatory agency of the load-serving entity; bears to
- 23 (2) the total quantity of electricity delivered by 24 all load-serving entities during those 3 calendar 25 years.

- 1 (b) Basis.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall base
- 2 the determination of the quantity of electricity delivered
- 3 by a load-serving entity for the purpose of subsection (a)
- 4 on the most recent data available in annual reports filed
- 5 with the Energy Information Administration of the De-
- 6 partment of Energy.
- 7 SEC. 373. USE.
- 8 All funds received under this part by a load-serving
- 9 entity shall be used solely to promote energy efficiency on
- 10 the part of energy consumers.
- 11 SEC. 374. REPORTING.
- 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each load-serving entity that ac-
- 13 cepts funds distributed under this part shall, for each cal-
- 14 endar year for which the load-serving entity accepts such
- 15 funds, submit to the Secretary of Energy to report to the
- 16 Secretary of the Treasury a report describing how, and
- 17 to what extent, the load-serving entity used such funds
- 18 during the preceding year.
- 19 (b) AVAILABILITY OF REPORTS.—The Secretary of
- 20 the Treasury shall make available to the public all reports
- 21 submitted by any load-serving entity under subsection (a),
- 22 including by publishing those reports on the Internet.

1	PART 8—ALTERNATIVE TRANSPORTATION
2	SEC. 381. GRANTS TO PROVIDE FOR ADDITIONAL AND IM-
3	PROVED PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SERVICE
4	(a) In General.—Of the funds allocated to the
5	Transportation Alternatives Account each year pursuant
6	to section 9512 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
7	32 percent shall be distributed to designated recipients (as
8	defined in section 5307(a) of title 49, United States Code
9	to maintain or improve public transportation through ac-
10	tivities eligible under that section and associated measures
11	that increase the direct or indirect greenhouse gas emis-
12	sions reductions projected to result from those eligible ac-
13	tivities, including—
14	(1) improvements to lighting, heating, cooling.
15	or ventilation systems in stations and other facilities
16	that reduce direct or indirect greenhouse gas emis-
17	sions;
18	(2) adjustments to signal timing or other vehi-
19	cle controlling systems that reduce direct or indirect
20	greenhouse gas emissions;
21	(3) purchasing or retrofitting rolling stock to
22	improve efficiency or reduce greenhouse gas emis-
23	sions; and
24	(4) improvements to energy distribution sys-
25	tems.

1	(b) DISTRIBUTION.—Of the balance of account funds,
2	the Secretary shall distribute under subsection (a)——
3	(1) 60 percent in accordance with the formulas
4	contained in subsections (a) through (c) of section
5	5336 of title 49, United States Code; and
6	(2) 40 percent in accordance with the formula
7	contained in section 5340 of that title.
8	(e) Terms and Conditions.—A grant provided
9	under this subsection shall be subject to the terms and
10	conditions applicable to a grant provided under section
11	5307 of title 49, United States Code.
12	(d) Cost Share.—The Federal share of cost of car-
13	rying out an activity using a grant under this subsection
14	shall be determined in accordance with section 5307(e) of
15	title 49, United States Code.
16	SEC. 382. GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NEW PUBLIC
17	TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS.
18	(a) In General.—Of the funds deposited in the
19	Transportation Alternatives Account each year pursuant
20	to section 9512 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
21	32 percent shall be distributed to State and local govern-
22	ment authorities for design, engineering, and construction
23	of new fixed guideway transit projects or extensions to ex-
24	isting fixed guideway transit systems that will assist in

- 1 reducing direct or indirect greenhouse gas emissions of the
- 2 regional transportation sector.
- 3 (b) Applications.—Applications for grants under
- 4 this section shall be reviewed according to the process and
- 5 criteria established under section 5309(c) of title 49,
- 6 United States Code, for major capital investments and
- 7 section 5309(d) of title 49, United States Code, for other
- 8 projects.
- 9 (c) Terms and Conditions.—Grant funds awarded
- 10 under this section shall be subject to the terms and condi-
- 11 tions applicable to a grant made under section 5309 of
- 12 title 49, United States Code.
- 13 SEC. 383. GRANTS FOR TRANSPORTATION ALTERNATIVES
- 14 AND TRAVEL DEMAND REDUCTION
- 15 **PROJECTS.**
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds deposited into the
- 17 Transportation Alternatives Account each year pursuant
- 18 to section 9512 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
- 19 32 percent shall be awarded to designated recipients (as
- 20 defined in section 5307(a) of title 49, United States Code)
- 21 and State, regional, and local government authorities to
- 22 assist in reducing the direct and indirect greenhouse gas
- 23 emissions of the regional transportation sector, through
- 24 the following activities—

- 1 (1) Carpool or telecommuting projects that do 2 not include new roadway capacity;
  - (2) Bicycle transportation and pedestrian walk-ways in accordance with section 217 of title 23, United State Code, and the modification of public sidewalks to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.);
    - (3) Updating zoning and land use regulations to support, allow, or incentivize walkable or transit-supportive development patterns and land uses;
    - (4) Transportation enhancement activities, including design and retrofitting of streets for multimodal access;
    - (5) Infrastructure-based intelligent transportation systems that help reduce vehicle miles traveled, including automated road-pricing, congestion pricing, and advanced traffic management systems, provided they do not involve construction of significant new roadway capacity;
- 20 (6) Market-based programs to reduce travel de-21 mand, including car or bicycle sharing and pay-as-22 you-drive insurance.
- 23 (b) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—In determining the 24 recipients of grants under this section, applications shall 25 be evaluated based on the total direct and indirect green-

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- 1 house gas emissions reductions that are projected to result
- 2 from the project and projected reductions as a percentage
- 3 of the total direct and indirect emissions of an entity, as
- 4 determined by applicants using methods developed and
- 5 promulgated by the Administrator, in concert with the Ad-
- 6 ministrator of the United States Department of Transpor-
- 7 tation, no more than 3 years after the passage of this Act.
- 8 (c) GOVERNMENT SHARE OF COSTS.—The Federal
- 9 share of the cost of an activity funded using amounts
- 10 made available under this section may not exceed 80 per-
- 11 cent of the cost of the activity.
- 12 (d) Terms and Conditions.—Except to the extent
- 13 inconsistent with the terms of this section, grant funds
- 14 awarded under this section shall be subject to the terms
- 15 and conditions applicable to a grant made under section
- 16 133 of title 23, United States Code.
- 17 SEC. 384. TECHNICAL CAPACITY AND STANDARDS.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds deposited into the
- 19 Transportation Alternatives Accounts each year pursuant
- 20 to section 9512 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
- 21 4 percent shall be distributed to Federal, State, and local
- 22 government authorities including Municipal Planning Or-
- 23 ganizations to allocate resources and staff to improve and
- 24 apply technical capacity for the development of plans and
- 25 future plan updates including—

- 1 (1) collection of travel and land use data to
  2 measure transportation system performance using
  3 per capita vehicle miles traveled and other measures
  4 adopted by the Administrator of the Environmental
  5 Protection Agency, with the concurrence of the Sec6 retary of Transportation;
  - (2) monitoring and periodically reporting vehicle miles traveled by municipal planning region and statewide to demonstrate that performance objectives are achieved;
  - (3) modeling and analyses of transportation and land-use scenarios to develop regional and state-wide plans and plan updates that will ensure that the emission reduction targets established in section 386(3) this will continue to met during the period prior to the planning horizon for each plan update;
  - (4) refinements to travel models to improve consideration of land use and non-motorized modes to estimate future system performance that are determined to be reliable for the purpose of estimating future travel and system performance; and
- 22 (5) stakeholder engagement.
- (b) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—The Secretary shalldistribute funds under subsection (a) as follows:

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- 1 (1) 80 percent to State and local government 2 authorities for developing and implementing activi-3 ties specified under subsection (a);
- 4 (2) 20 percent to the United States Environ5 mental Protection Agency and the United States De6 partment of Transportation to establish methods for
  7 providing guidance, support, tools, and information
  8 to State and local government authorities for devel9 oping and implementing activities specified under
  10 subsection (a).

#### 11 SEC. 385. STUDY AND STANDARDS.

- 12 (a) STUDY.—To improve the ability of recipients of
  13 funds under this part to maximize greenhouse gas emis14 sions reductions resulting from funded activities, no more
  15 than 180 days after the passage of this Act——
  - (1) the National Academy of Sciences Transportation Research Board shall report to the Administrator of the United States Department of Transportation recommendations for improving research and tools to assess the effect of transportation plans and land use plans on motor vehicle usage rates and transportation sector greenhouse gas emissions; and
  - (2) the Government Accountability Office shall report to the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency on shortcomings of current gov-

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1	ernment data sources needed to assess greenhouse
2	gas emissions from the transportation sector and to
3	establish plans and policies to effectively reduce
4	greenhouse gas emissions from the transportation
5	sector, and make recommendations to address these
6	shortcomings.
7	(b) Technical Standards.—Not more than 2
8	years after the passage of this Act, based on recommenda
9	tions issued pursuant to subsection (a), the Administra
10	tors of the United States Environmental Protection Agen
11	cy and the United States Department of Transportation
12	shall promulgate standards for transportation data collection
13	tion, monitoring, planning, and modeling.
14	SEC. 386. CONDITION FOR RECEIPT OF FUNDS.
15	To be eligible to receive funds under section 381, 382
16	or 383, projects or activities funded under such section
17	must be part of an integrated State-wide, regional, or loca
18	transportation plan that shall—
19	(1) include all modes of surface transportation
20	(2) utilize data collection, monitoring, planning
21	and modeling methods pursuant to standards estab
22	lished in section 385(b);
23	(3) establish targets for reducing long term

greenhouse gas emissions from the regional trans-

1	portation sector through reducing and managing
2	motor vehicle usage;
3	(4) demonstrate that the targets established
4	pursuant to subparagraph (3) will be achieved
5	with—
6	(A) currently adopted land use plans and
7	policies, or
8	(B) revised land use plans and policies for
9	which commitments have been obtained by reso-
10	lution of other lawful action taken by jurisdic-
11	tions with authority to adopt land use plans
12	and policies; and
13	(5) report on estimated direct and indirect
14	greenhouse gases emissions from the transportation
15	sector for 2005, and aggregate emissions for each
16	five-year period within the planning horizon of the
17	plan and each update; and
18	(6) be certified by the Administrator of the En-
19	vironmental Protection Agency as consistent with
20	the purposes of this Act.
21	TITLE IV—EMISSIONS DETER-
22	MINATIONS AND MISCELLA-
23	NEOUS
24	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.
25	In this title:

1	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
2	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
3	mental Protection Agency.
4	(2) CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.—The term
5	"carbon dioxide equivalent" means, for each green-
6	house gas, the quantity of the greenhouse gas that
7	the Administrator determines makes the same con-
8	tribution to global warming as 1 metric ton of car-
9	bon dioxide.
10	(3) Greenhouse gas.—The term "greenhouse
11	gas" means any of—
12	(A) carbon dioxide;
13	(B) methane;
14	(C) nitrous oxide;
15	(D) sulfur hexafluoride;
16	(E) a perfluorocarbon;
17	(F) a hydrofluorocarbon; or
18	(G) any other anthropogenically-emitted
19	gas that is determined by the Administrator,
20	after notice and comment, to contribute to glob-
21	al warming to a non-negligible degree.
22	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
23	the Secretary of the Treasury.

1	SEC. 402. FEDERAL GREENHOUSE GAS REGISTRY, EMIS-
2	SIONS DETERMINATION, AND UNCOVERED
3	SECTOR EMISSIONS.
4	(a) In General.—For purposes of carrying out the
5	emissions allowance system under subtitle L of the Inter-
6	nal Revenue Code of 1986, the Administrator shall—
7	(1) develop a Federal Greenhouse Gas Registry
8	that—
9	(A) covers all United States emissions of
10	greenhouse gases;
11	(B) is complete, consistent, transparent
12	and accurate;
13	(C) will collect reliable and accurate data
14	on increases and reductions in United States
15	greenhouse gas emissions as well as greenhouse
16	gas sequestration that can be used by public
17	and private entities to design efficient and ef-
18	fective energy security initiatives and green-
19	house gas emission reduction strategies; and
20	(D) will provide appropriate high-quality
21	data to be used for implementing greenhouse
22	gas reduction policies;
23	(2) determine—
24	(A) for each covered facility, the carbon di-
25	oxide equivalent of—

1	(i) greenhouse gas that was emitted
2	by the use of coal by that covered facility
3	during the preceding year;
4	(ii) greenhouse gas that will, assum-
5	ing no capture and sequestration of that
6	gas, be emitted from the use of any
7	petroleum- or coal-based liquid or gaseous
8	fuel that was produced or imported by that
9	covered facility during the preceding year;
10	(iii) greenhouse gas that was produced
11	for sale or distribution or imported by that
12	facility during the preceding year;
13	(iv) greenhouse gas that was emitted
14	as a byproduct of hydrochlorofluorocarbon
15	production; and
16	(v) greenhouse gas that will, assuming
17	no capture and destruction or sequestra-
18	tion of that gas, be emitted—
19	(I) from the use of natural gas
20	that was, by that covered facility,
21	processed, imported, or produced and
22	not reinjected into the field; or
23	(II) from the use of natural gas
24	liquids that were processed or im-

1	ported by that covered facility during
2	the preceding year; and
3	(B) any additional reduction in carbon di-
4	oxide equivalents by owners or operators of cov-
5	ered facilities, including additional net reduc-
6	tion of carbon dioxide equivalents due to dis-
7	placing petroleum in the transportation sector
8	through actions by the owners or operators of
9	covered facilities that result in increased use of
10	electrified transportation, such as plug-in hy-
11	brid vehicles, electric vehicles, port electrifica-
12	tion, electric rail, and truck stop electrification;
13	and
14	(3) promulgate not later than 2 years after the
15	date of the enactment of this Act, and periodically
16	revise, regulations requiring that emissions in uncov-
17	ered sectors do not grow, so as to ensure that the
18	goal of this Act to reduce United States emissions
19	80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050 is met.
20	(b) Annual Report.—The Administrator shall an-
21	nually transmit to the Secretary a report describing the
22	results of activities under subsection (a).
23	(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
24	(1) the term "uncovered sector" means any sec-
25	tor that is not primarily composed of covered facili-

- ties and whose greenhouse gas emissions are not already included in the cap through the regulation of
- a covered facility; and
- 4 (2) the term "United States greenhouse gas
- 5 emissions" means the total quantity of greenhouse
- 6 gas emissions calculated by the Administrator on an
- 7 annual basis and reported to the United Nations
- 8 Framework Convention on Climate Change Secre-
- 9 tariat.

## 10 SEC. 403. PARAMOUNT INTEREST WAIVER.

- 11 (a) In General.—If the President determines that
- 12 a national security emergency exists and, in light of infor-
- 13 mation that was not available as of the date of enactment
- 14 of this Act, it is in the paramount interest of the United
- 15 States to modify any requirement under this Act and the
- 16 amendments made by this Act to minimize the effects of
- 17 the emergency, the President may, after opportunity for
- 18 public notice and comment, temporarily adjust, suspend,
- 19 or waive any regulations promulgated pursuant to this Act
- 20 and the amendments made by this Act to achieve that
- 21 minimization.
- 22 (b) Consultation.—In making an emergency deter-
- 23 mination under subsection (a), the President shall, to the
- 24 maximum extent practicable, consult with and take into
- 25 account any advice received from—

1	(1) the Secretary;
2	(2) the National Academy of Sciences;
3	(3) the Secretary of Energy; and
4	(4) the Administrator.
5	(c) Judicial Review.—An emergency determination
6	under subsection (a) shall be subject to judicial review in
7	accordance with section 307 of the Clean Air Act (42
8	U.S.C. 7607).
9	SEC. 404. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE AND JUDICIAL RE
10	VIEW.
11	(a) Rulemaking Procedures.—Any rule, require-
12	ment, regulation, method, standard, program, determina-
13	tion, or final action made or promulgated pursuant to any
14	title of this Act and the amendments made by this Act
15	shall be subject to the rulemaking procedures described
16	in sections 551 through 557 of title 5, United States Code
17	(b) Enforcement.—(1) Each provision of this Act
18	and any regulation issued pursuant to this Act shall be
19	fully enforceable pursuant to sections 113, 303, and 304
20	of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7413, 7603, 7604). For
21	purposes of enforcement under these sections, all require-
22	ments under this Act shall constitute requirements of the
23	Clean Air Act, and, for purposes of enforcement under sec-
24	tion 304 of the Clean Air Act (42 II S.C. 7604) all re-

- 1 quirements of this Act shall constitute emission standards
- 2 or limitations under the Clean Air Act.
- 3 (2) All provisions related to mandatory duties of the
- 4 Secretary or any other Federal official shall be fully en-
- 5 forceable pursuant to section 304 of the Clean Air Act
- 6 (42 U.S.C. 7604).
- 7 (3) The district courts of the United States shall have
- 8 jurisdiction to compel agency action (including discre-
- 9 tionary agency action) under this Act that has been unrea-
- 10 sonably delayed.
- 11 (c) Recordkeeping, Inspections, Monitoring,
- 12 Entry, and Subpoenas.—The Secretary shall have the
- 13 same powers and authority provided under sections 114
- 14 and 307(a) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7414,
- 15 7607(a)) in carrying out, administering, and enforcing
- 16 this Act and the amendments made by this Act.
- 17 (d) Judicial Review.—A petition for judicial review
- 18 of any regulation promulgated, or final action carried out,
- 19 by the Secretary or any other Federal official or agency
- 20 pursuant to this Act may be filed in the United States
- 21 Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit and otherwise
- 22 only in accordance with section 307(b) of the Clean Air
- 23 Act (42 U.S.C. 7607(b)), except that petitions concerning
- 24 actions of the Secretary may only be filed in the United
- 25 States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia. The

- 1 provisions of section 307(f) of the Clean Air Act (42)
- 2 U.S.C. 7607(f)) shall govern the award of costs and attor-
- 3 neys' fees in such cases.
- 4 SEC. 405. RETENTION OF STATE AUTHORITY.
- 5 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 6 (b), in accordance with section 116 of the Clean Air Act
- 7 (42 U.S.C. 7416) and section 510 of the Federal Water
- 8 Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1370), nothing in this
- 9 Act and the amendments made by this Act precludes or
- 10 abrogates the right of any State to adopt or enforce—
- 11 (1) any standard, cap, limitation, or prohibition
- relating to emissions of greenhouse gas; or
- 13 (2) any requirement relating to control, abate-
- ment, or avoidance of emissions of greenhouse gas.
- 15 (b) Exception.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), no
- 16 State may adopt a standard, cap, limitation, prohibition,
- 17 or requirement that is less stringent than the applicable
- 18 standard, cap, limitation, prohibition, or requirement
- 19 under this Act and the amendments made by this Act.
- 20 SEC. 406. TRIBAL AUTHORITY.
- 21 For purposes of this Act and the amendments made
- 22 by this Act, the Secretary may treat any federally recog-
- 23 nized Indian tribe as a State, in accordance with section
- 24 301(d) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7601(d)).

# 1 SEC. 407. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 2 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 3 as are necessary to carry out this Act and the amendments

4 made by this Act.

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